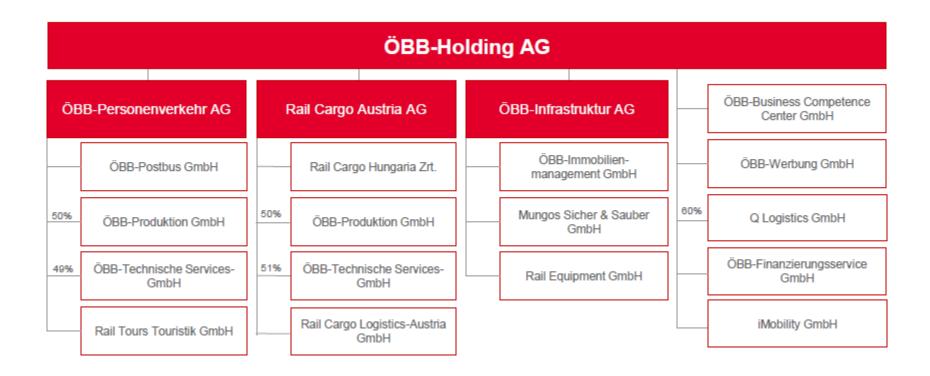






## The ÖBB Group | Organisation chart





## The ÖBB Group | in numbers

	Revenue in euro	5,522 million
<b>.</b>	EBT in euro	176 million
<b>#</b>	Train passengers per year	246 million
	Bus passengers per year	214 million
A	Transported goods, net tonnes per year	115 million
11	Employees in headcounts, excl. apprentices	41,107
<u></u>	Stations and stops	1.070

Source: Financial Report 2017, Facts & Figures Folder published in 2018



### The Rail Cargo Group | in numbers

8,720 staff from 33 nations



2,000 trains per day

115.2 mn net tons per year

51.9 mn train kms per year

32.9 bn net ton kms per year

643 locomotives

21,185 wagons





30.6% modal share of rail as from total freight in Austria

Present in 18 countries

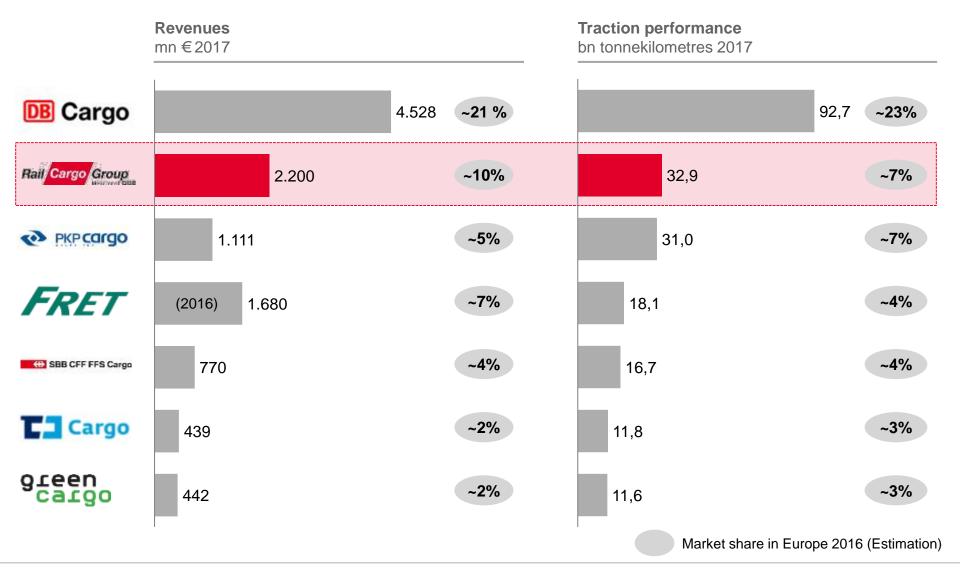
2.2 bn € sales revenues

42.3 mn € earnings before taxes

FY 2017

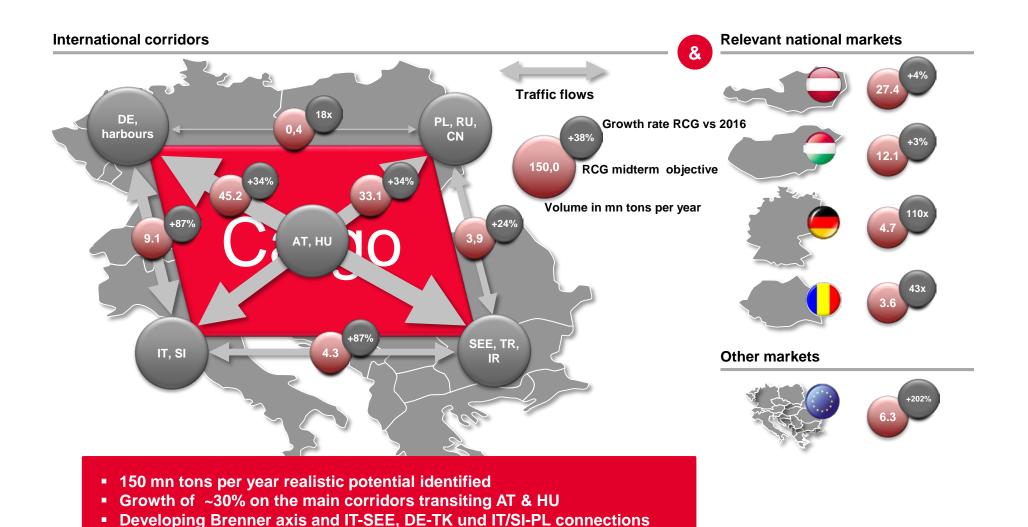


## The Rail Cargo Group | Main rail logistics providers in Europe



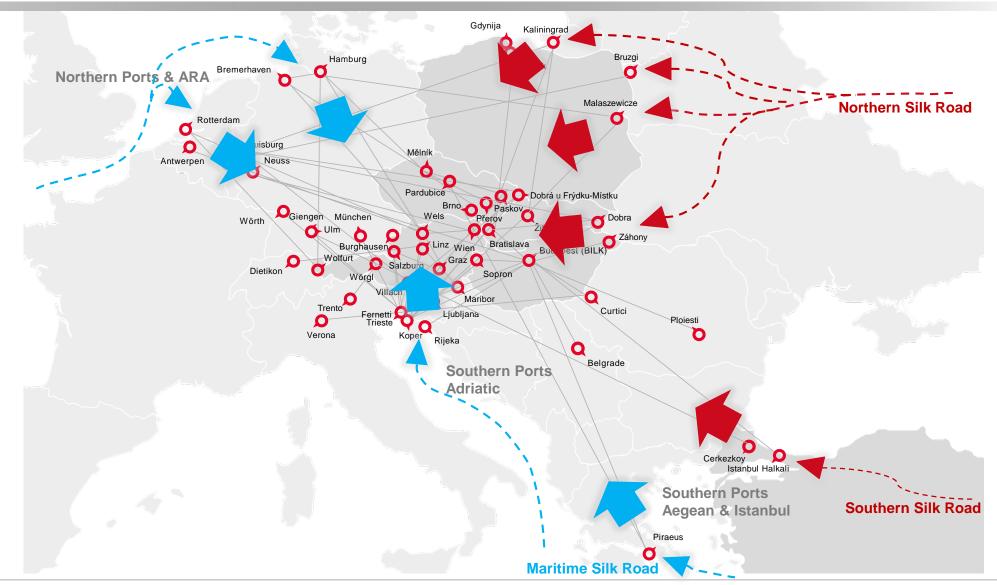


## The Rail Cargo Group | Internationalisation is our driver





## The Rail Cargo Group | RCG network covers main industrial regions





## The Rail Cargo Group | Strong growth on all Europe - China corridors

#### 2012

Multiple connections per week in both directions.

Testing of new routes.

#### 2014

Start of first LCL-services and set-up of eastbound "Fast Trains.

#### 2016

New LCL-route from Hamburg to Suzhou. Extension to Italy.

2018

Jan - Oct 382 RCG trains (= 31,554 TEU)

#### 2007/08

First eastbound RCG train for RHI Magnesita.

#### 2010/11

Weekly east- and westbound trains.

#### 2013

Set-up of first "Fast Train" (14 days runtime).

#### 2015

Further increase of number of block-trains from/to Suzhou.

Weekly train from Changsha.

Start of test-train from Shenyang.

# **2017 62 RCG trains**

Introduction of new LCL-services (e.g. Suzhou - Milano).

New routes via alternative border stations.

New services from South China

August: First Rail Cargo train (Taiyuan - Lugo, IT).

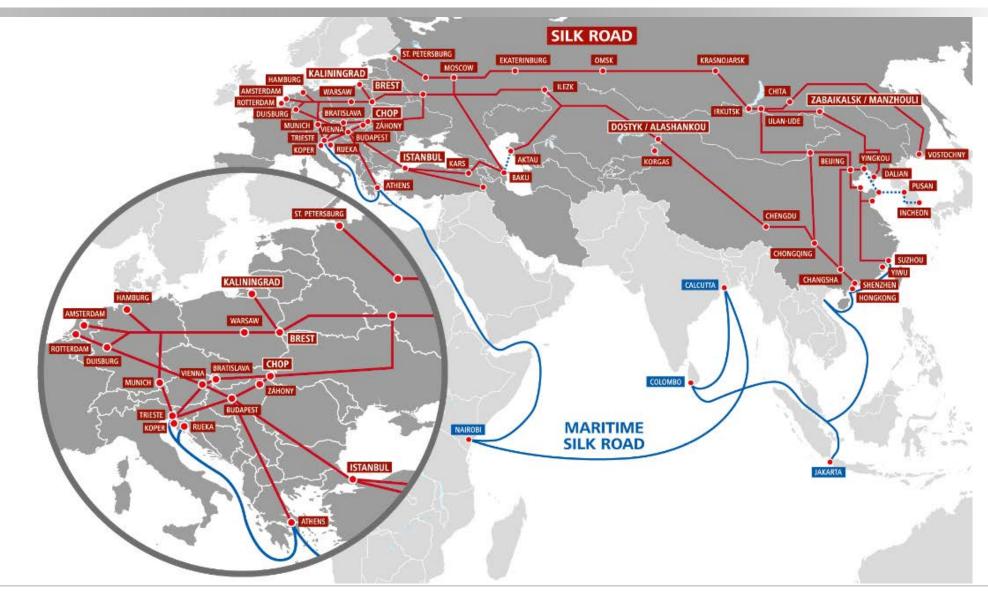


2009

First regular trains.



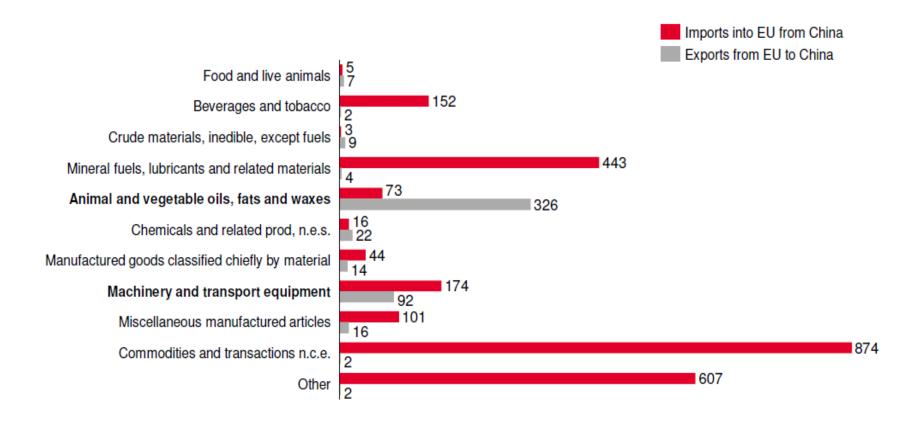
## Rail connection Europe - Asia | The Silk Road(s) of today





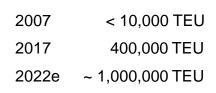
## Rail connection Europe - Asia | Imbalance between imports and exports

# EU-exports to and imports from China in bn € 2016

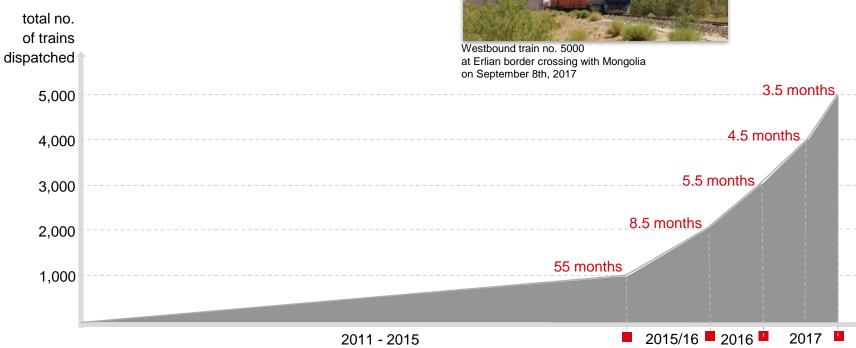




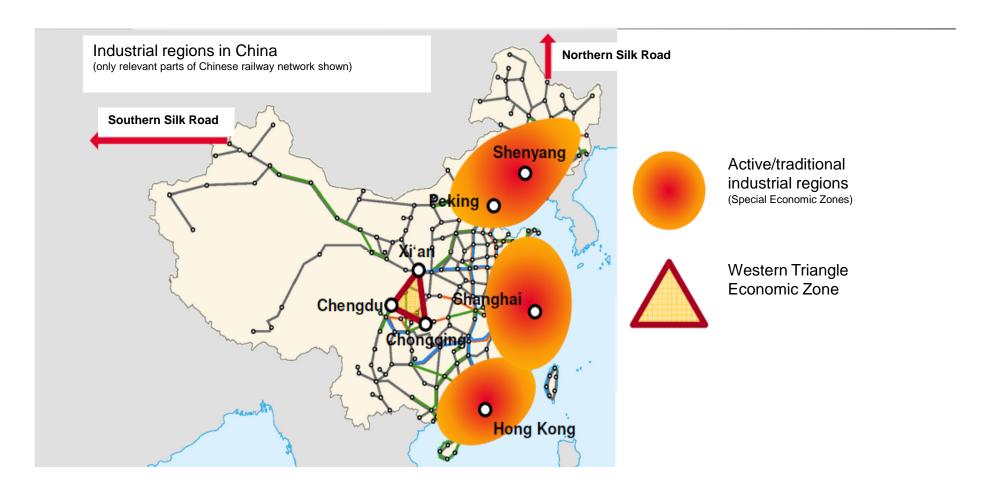
## Rail connection Europe - Asia | Dynamic growth





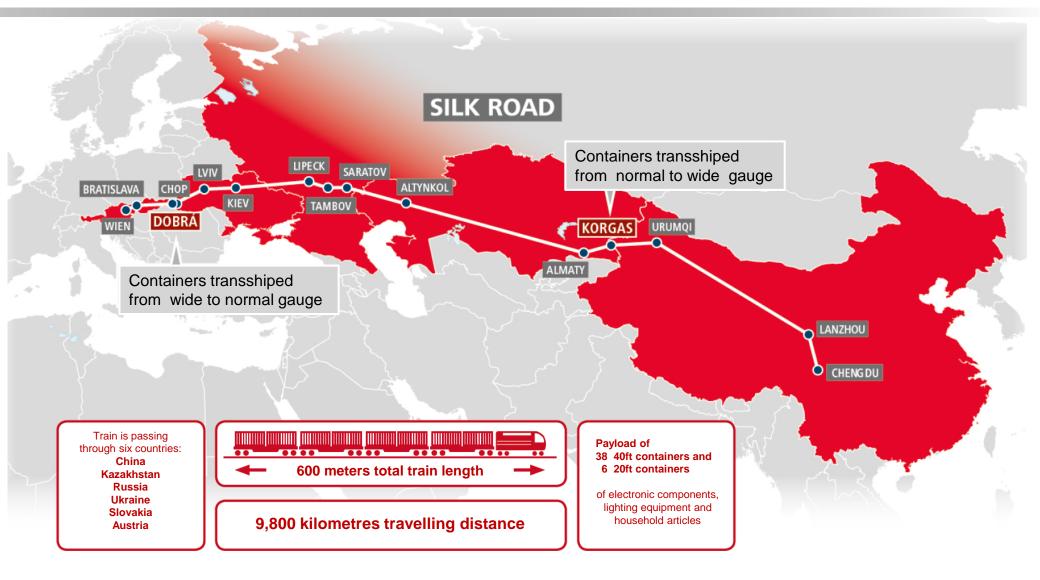


## Rail connection Europe - Asia | Well connected industrial regions in China





## Rail connection Europe - Asia | Chengdu - Vienna train operation





## Rail connection Europe - Asia | Why does it matter? (1/2)

### **Belt & Road Initiative**

A strong facilitator to enhance economic and cultural convergence between Asia, Africa and Europe

**Multidimensional** infrastructure network

> Over 2,500 bn € annual trade volume

Additional development 120 bn € Chinese investments

per year

**Cooperation with** 10,000 scholarships 40+ countries & organizations

**†††** 4.4 bn population

€ 18,000 bn output

50 countries



## Rail connection Europe - Asia | Why does it matter? (2/2)

### **Estimation for 2020**



**5,000 cargo trains per year** from China to Europe v.v.



**43 transport hubs** with at least one connection to Europe per hub



6 hours at border crossing for customs & inspection procedure on Chinese side



10 days travelling time

between terminals in China and Central Europe v.v.



## Rail connection Europe - Asia | Why is rail a realistic alternative?







Stable cost structure and departure schedule



Less working capital, cheaper than airfreight



Same customs procedures as sea freight



Rail Cargo Austria AG



- 1 T-Shirt ...... 200 grams
- 1 40ft High Cube Container ... 7 tons

#### **Guangzhou - Central Europe**

costs per piece door-to-door travelling time



0,05 € ~45 days



0,20 € ~14 days



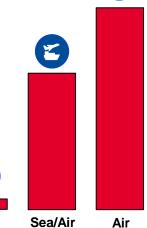
0,22 € ~25 days



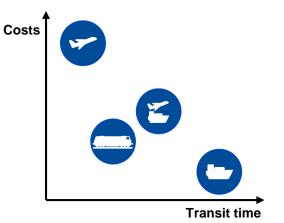
0,55 € ~10 days



Rail



#### Time is money



Sea



## Rail connection Europe - Asia | Opportunities and tasks

### Belt and Road Initiative strongly supports traffic flows

- Chinese government's motivation to increase rail transport from China to Europe
- Big potential for European logistics industry through revival of "Silk Road"
- Increasing competition from Chinese logistic companies through strategic positioning in Europe

### Alternative Routes can improve performance significantly

- Development of Southern Route to include Middle East and Black Sea region
- Reduction of dependency from RU, UA, BY, PL transit (liberalization of railway industry)
- Avoidance of bottlenecks at borders (reduce bureaucracy ...)

### Full service for European and Asian clients increases market attractivity

- Strategic alliances between international and local players along the routes to improve quality and secure positive developments
- Development of infrastructure to reduce transit time, digitization to increase efficiency

### Holistic approach allows co-existence of all modalities

- Maritime silk road to be considered in all infrastructure strategies in Europe
- Airfreight is reaching its limits (travelling times increase significantly)
- Wide gauge connection into Austria to support CEE industry



## The Rail Cargo Group | Unmistakably unique

