

Reference data management

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Trainer Name

Banca d'Italia

Banca d'Italia

TIPS User Training Course
Date – Training type
Day 1 - Session TIPS.TR.FN.030





TIPS Reference data management - Outline



- **Reference Data**
- **Reference Data propagation**
- **Blocking of participants, accounts and CMBs** 3



TIPS Reference data management - Outline



1	Reference Data			
	General concepts			
	Hierarchical party model			
	TIPS Actors Account structure			
	Additional reference data objects for TIPS			
2	Reference Data propagation			
3	Blocking of participants, accounts and CMBs			

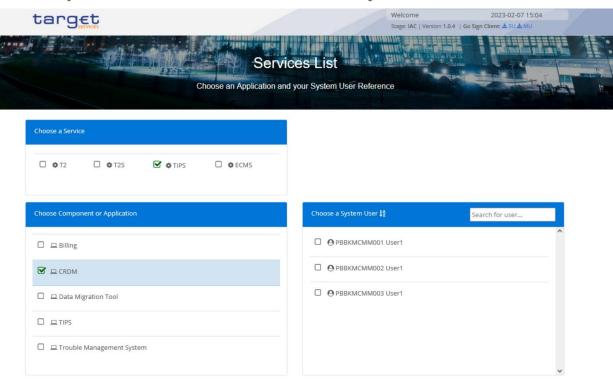






ESMIG Access to TIPS – CRDM GUI

Service -> TIPS; then Component -> CRDM; then select the System User



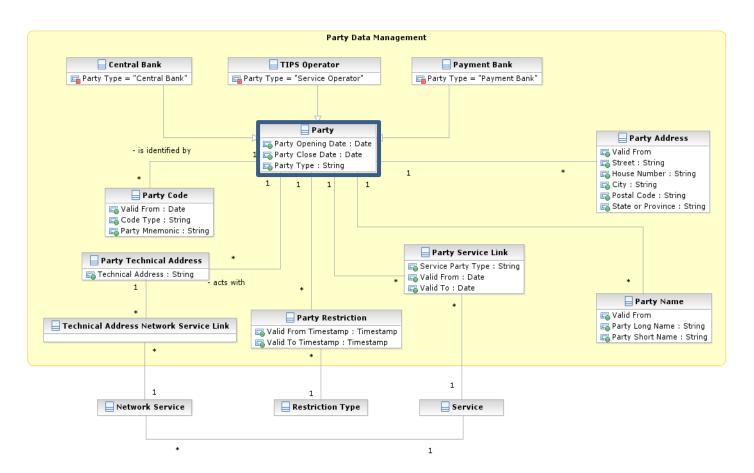
- Each TIPS/CRDM Actor may trigger all or only a subset of these functions depending on the **participant type** (e.g. Central Bank, TIPS Participant, Ancillary System, etc.) and only in relation to the **objects in its own data scope** and configured **Roles/Privileges**
- These functions are available 22 hours a day, 5 days a week





Reference data object

A Reference data object is a set of logically related, self-consistent information consisting in one or more entities







Common information attributes

All reference data objects have a set of **common** attributes

Attribute	Description	PARTY XYZ
Technical Identifier	It is the automatically assigned primary identifier for a new item of reference data.	20101968
Revision Number	Given a technical identifier, this attribute marks every update of the item's attributes	3
Deletion Status	The exhaustive list of possible values is as follows: • Active (ACTV) • Deleted (DELE)	ACTV
Approval Status	The exhaustive list of possible values is as follows: • Approved (APPR) • Awaiting Approval (AWAP) • Rejected (RJCT) • Revoked (RVKD)	APPR





Common information attributes modifications

1) Before the processing:

Technical Identifier	Revision	Attributes	Deletion Status	Approval Status
20101968	5	ABCD	ACTV	APPR

2) After the first step of the processing:

Technical Identifier	Revision	Attributes	Deletion Status	Approval Status
20101968	5	ABCD	ACTV	APPR
20101968	6	XYZ	ACTV	AWAP

3) After the approval:

Technical Identifier	Revision	Attributes	Deletion Status	Approval Status
20101968	5	ABCD	ACTV	APPR
20101968	6	XYZ	ACTV	AWAP
20101968	7	XYZ	ACTV	APPR





Reference data maintenance types

Duly authorised users can perform the following types of reference data maintenance operations on reference data objects



It creates a new common reference data object



It updates an already existing common reference data object



It deletes an already existing common reference data object. Deletion is always logical and not physical



It reactivates a previously deleted common reference data object, i.e. it updates the approval status of this object from deleted to active







Reference data validity period

There are two categories of reference data objects

- Common reference data objects with limited validity period
- Common reference data objects with unlimited validity period





Party NCBXITMMXXX

Opening Date: 2018-02-15
Closing Date: 2018-05-30

Type: NCB

Deletion Status: ACTV

User USER001

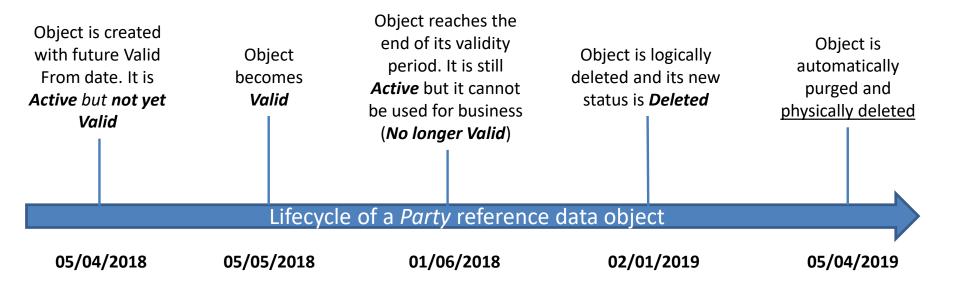
Creation Timestamp: 2018-02-15 12:01:03.00

Deletion Status: ACTV





Reference data with limited validity period

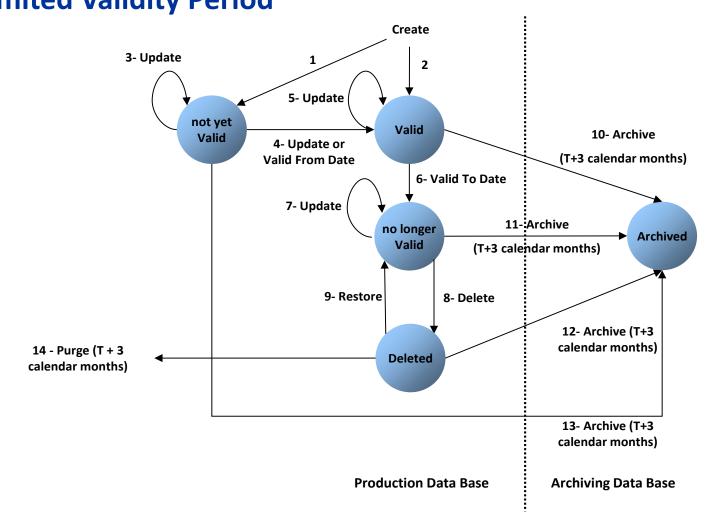


Description	Date
Creation date	05/04/2018
Opening date	05/05/2018
Closing date	01/06/2018
Deletion date	02/01/2019
Physical deletion date	05/04/2019





Lifecycle of Common Reference Data Objects: Limited Validity Period







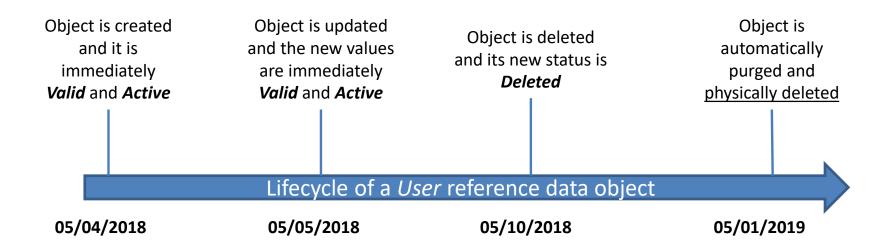
Examples of Reference data with limited validity period

AREA	OBJECT	CREATION	UPDATE	DELETION
Party	Party		May take effect on the current date	May be performed only on objects that are not valid on the current date
	Party Service Link			
	Cash account			
	Authorised Account User			
	Limit			





Reference data with unlimited validity period

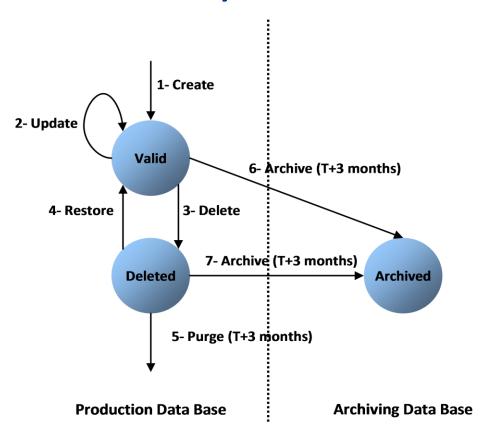


Description	Date
Creation date	05/04/2018
Update date	05/05/2018
Deletion date	05/10/2018
Physical deletion date	05/01/2019





Lifecycle of Common Reference Data Objects: Unlimited Validity Period



- 1 2: Upon successful creation and update the entity status is Valid
- **3**: A Valid entity can be deleted
- 4: A deleted object might be restored within 90 days following the deletion
- 6: After 90 days (retention period) a valid entity is copied into the archiving database
- 5 7: After 90 days (retention period) a deleted entity is copied into the archiving database and purged from the production database





Examples of Reference data with unlimited validity period

AREA	OBJECT
	User
	Role
	Privilege
A cooca vialeta vecesarent	Certificate DN
Access rights management	User-Certificate DN Link
	Role User Link
	Role Party Link
	Privilege Role Link
Notwork configuration	Network service
Network configuration	Technical Address Network Service Link
	Country
	Currency
Configuration parameters	System entity
	Service
	Currency Service Link





TIPS Reference Data Objects aligned with T2-T2S CSLD (1/2)

AREA	OBJECT	Responsible Actors
Party	Party	Operator, CB
raity	Part Service Link	Operator, CB
	Cash Account	All
Cash Account	Limit	All
	Authorised Account User	All
	User	All
	Role	Operator, CB
Access rights management	Privilege	Operator
	Certificate DN	All
	User-Certificate DN Link	All
Message subscription	Message Subscription Rule	All
configuration	Message Subscription Rule Set	All





TIPS Reference Data Objects aligned with T2-T2S CSLD (2/2)

AREA	OBJECT	Responsible Actors
	Routing	All
Network configuration	Network service	Operator
Network configuration	Technical Address Network Service Link	Operator, CB
	DN-BIC Routing	All
Report configuration	Report Type	Operator
Report Configuration	Report Configuration	All
Restriction type management	Restriction Type	Operator
	Country	Operator
0 0	Currency	Operator
Configuration parameters	System entity	Operator
parameters	Service	Operator
	Currency Service Link	Operator
	Invoice Configuration	СВ
	VAT	СВ
Billing configuration	Tariffs	Operator
	Service Items	Operator
	Billing Service Configuration	Operator





TIPS Reference Data Objects – List of A2A messages

OBJECT	GUI Screens	A2A Messages
Party	Parties – Search/List Screen Party – Details Screen Party – New/Edit Screen	reda.014 PartyCreationRequest reda.015 PartyQuery reda.016 PartyStatusAdvice reda.017 PartyReport reda.022 PartyModificationRequest reda.031 PartyDeletionRequest reda.042 PartyAuditTrailQuery reda.043 PartyAuditTrailReport
Cash Account	Cash Accounts – Search/List Screen Cash Account – Details Screen Cash Account – New/Edit Screen	acmt.007 AccountOpeningRequest acmt.010 AccountRequestAcknowledgement acmt.011 AccountRequestRejection acmt.015 AccountExcludedMandateMaintenanceRequest acmt.019 AccountClosingRequest acmt.025 AccountQueryList reda.039 CashAccountAuditTrailQuery reda.040 CashAccountAuditTrailReport
Limit	Limits – Search/List Screen Limit – New/Edit Screen	camt.011 ModifyLimit camt.012 DeleteLimit



TIPS Reference data management - Outline

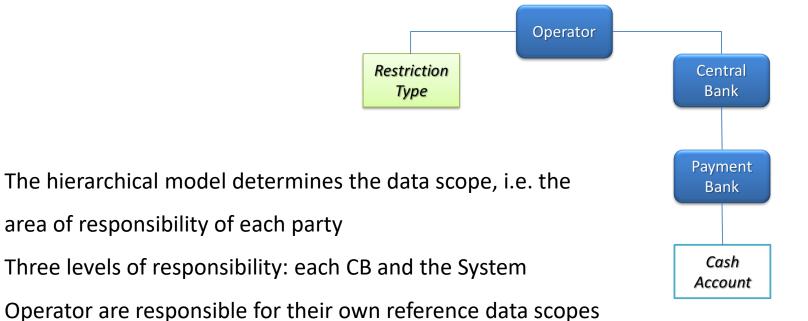


1	Reference Data	
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	TIPS Actors	
	Account structure	
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3	Blocking of participants, accounts and CMBs	

Hierarchical party model



Hierarchical model for CRDM objects





Hierarchical party model



Data scope (1/2)

 For each privilege, the hierarchical party model determines the data scope of the grantee, i.e. the set of reference data objects on which the grantee can trigger the relevant user function

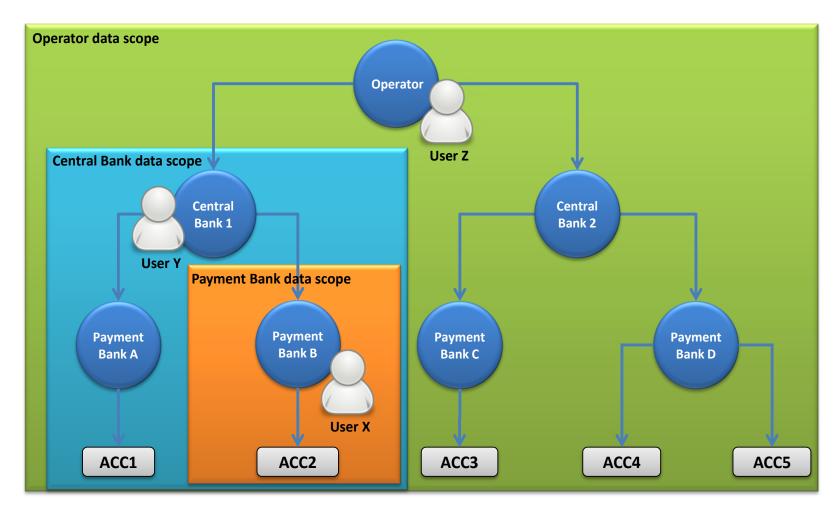
More precisely:

- Users of the Operator have visibility on all reference data objects, and can act on objects belonging to participants only in exceptional circumstances, following a specific agreement
- Users of the Central Banks have visibility on all reference data objects belonging to the same system entity
- Users of the payment banks have visibility on reference data objects that are (directly or indirectly) linked to the same party





Data scope (2/2)



TIPS Reference data management



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Concept of Party in TIPS

TIPS Actor

 A TIPS Actor is any legal entity or organization interacting with TIPS either directly or indirectly (i.e. through an Instructing Party) and defined as an object in the Common Reference Data Management (CRDM) component

Party

- Each Actor is identified in TIPS with a Party object
- Each Party object is univocally identified in TIPS with a BIC-11
- Several **Party Types** are defined in TIPS, organised in a three-level hierarchical party model:
 - TIPS Operator (first level)
 - Central Bank (second level)
 - TIPS Participant, Ancillary System and Reachable Party (third level)

Legal entity

- Each legal entity may play different business roles in TIPS
 - i.e. a legal entity may be defined as a participant of different Central Banks
- A legal entity with different participations shall be identified by several Parties having different BIC-11





Party types in TIPS (1/5)

TIPS Operator

- The TIPS Operator is the legal and organisational entity that operates TIPS
- It is responsible for:
 - The initial setup and the day-to-day operations of TIPS
 - Monitoring of the system
 - Carrying out corrective actions in case of incidents or in the event of service unavailability
 - Setting up and maintaining Central Banks' reference data
 - Operating on behalf of any TIPS Actor, upon request of the respective Central Bank (in contingency scenario)
 - Generate monthly or quarterly statistics for EPC and CB reporting
- It can also access to live and archived TIPS reference data or transactional data





Party types in TIPS (2/5)

Central Bank

- The Central Bank is the only entity in legal relationship with the TIPS Operator
- Responsible for:
 - Setting up and maintaining reference data in the Common Reference Data
 Management repository for all the TIPS Actors belonging to their community
 - Owning and managing a single Transit Account for their currency (ECB for the euro)
 - Operating on behalf of any TIPS Actor in their community in case of need
- They can act as TIPS Participants (in this case the CB needs to define itself as a new Party with type Payment Bank)





Party types in TIPS (3/5)

TIPS Participant

- Identified by a BIC-11
- Entities that may hold one or many TIPS Accounts
- Receive liquidity from the relevant RTGS System by means of Inbound Liquidity
 Transfers
- The TIPS Participant is responsible for:
 - setting up and maintaining CMBs linked to its TIPS Accounts
 - configuring Instructing Party roles for itself and for its Reachable Parties
- Can act as Instructing Party as by definition it is able to specify DNs with the prerogatives of an Instructing Party for what concerns its TIPS Accounts





Party types in TIPS (4/5)

Ancillary System

- Identified by a BIC-11 (however its BIC-11 cannot appear as authorised BIC of any account)
- Entities that may hold one TIPS AS Technical Account
- Receive liquidity from the relevant counterpart by means of Intra-service Liquidity
 Transfers in TIPS
- Responsible for:
 - setting up and maintaining CMBs linked to its TIPS AS Technical Account
 - configuring Instructing Party roles for itself and for its Reachable Parties
 - Instructing Instant Payments/Recall/Investigation on behalf of their customers
- Can act as Instructing Party





Party types in TIPS (5/5)

Reachable Party

- Identified by a BIC-11
- Entities that are not entitled to hold accounts in TIPS
- A Reachable Party relies on (i) either a TIPS Participant's Account or (ii) a TIPS AS Technical Account to settle Instant Payment in TIPS
- Can act as Instructing Party, assuming that it can directly interact with TIPS





Party types in TIPS – Instructing Party (it is not a party)

Instructing Party

- It is not a **Party Type**. Conversely. it is a DN that TIPS Participants, Ancillary Systems and Reachable Parties may authorise to act on their behalf
- Third parties, not necessarily TIPS Participants or Reachable Parties, can act as Instructing Parties on behalf of TIPS Participants or Reachable Parties
- TIPS Participants, Ancillary Systems and Reachable Parties can act as Instructing Parties
- Its Access Rights configuration is determined by the TIPS Actor that capture it as an Instructing Party

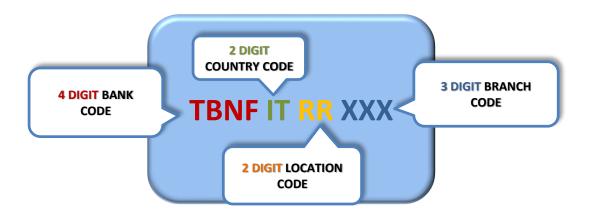




How to identify a Party (1/4)

Each legal entity is identified in the financial market by a BIC (Business Identifier

Code), according to the ISO 9362 standard

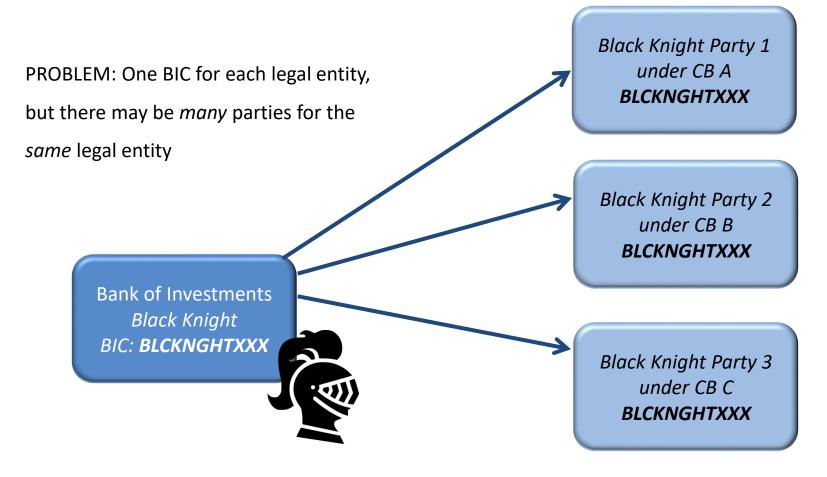








How to identify a Party (2/4)

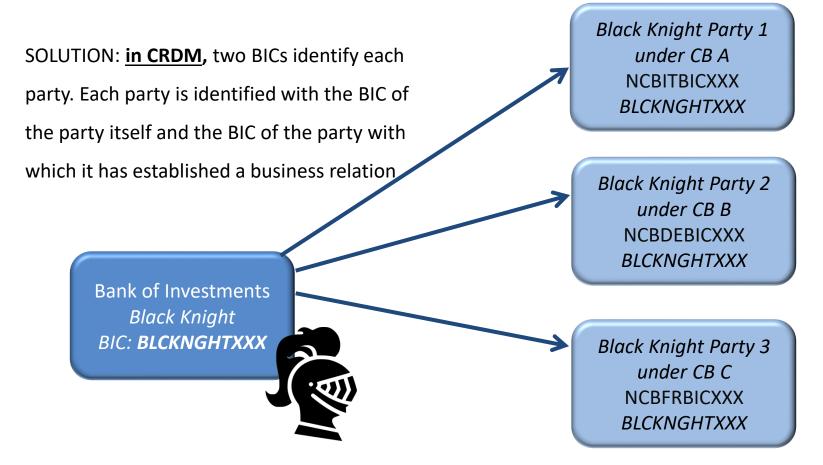








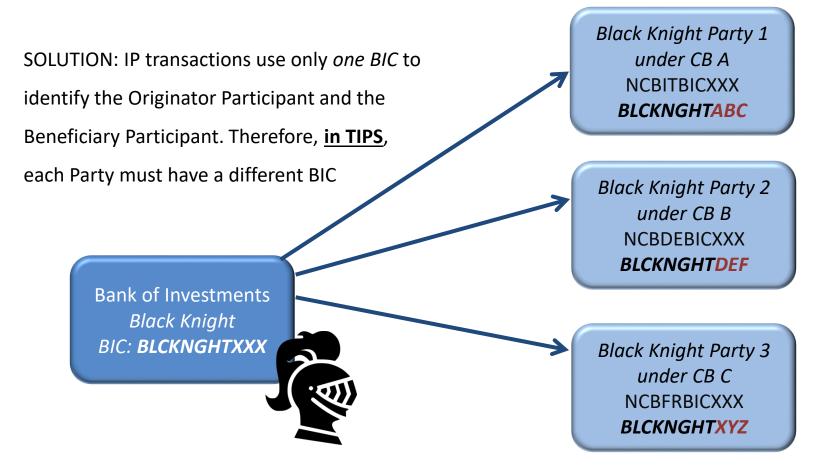








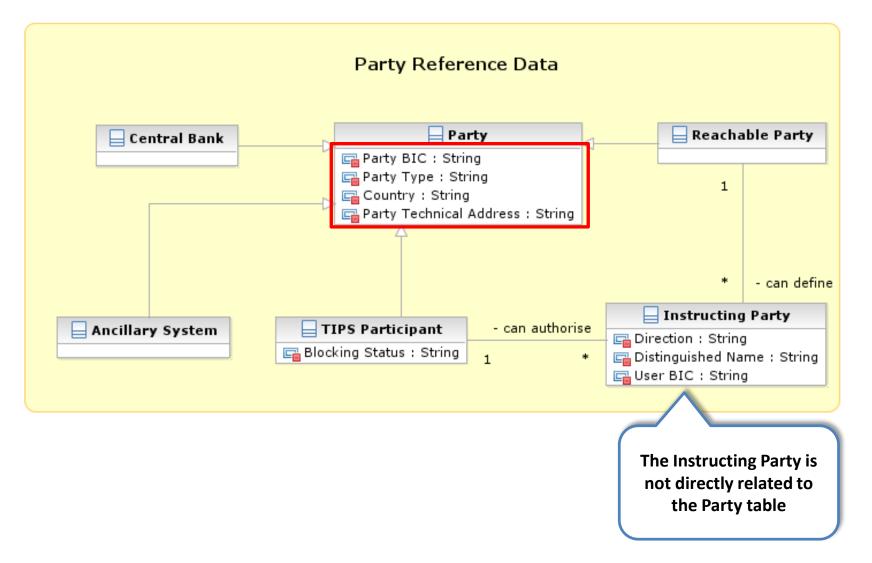
How to identify a Party (4/4)







Party reference data model







Party entity

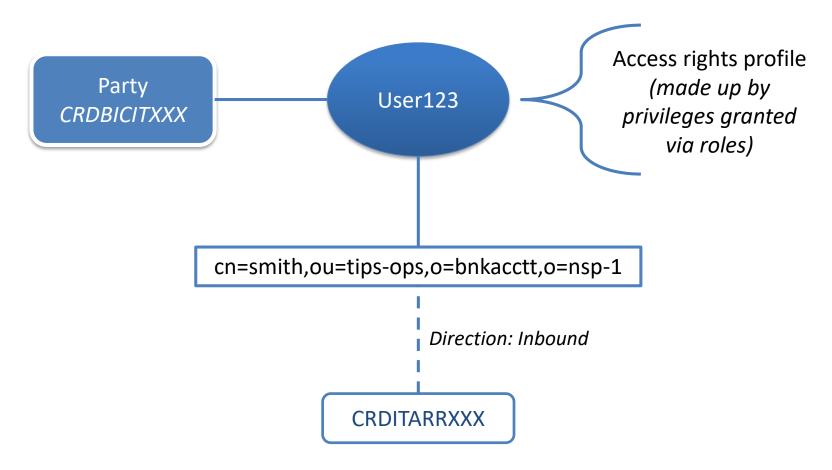
Attribute	Description
Party BIC	11-character Business Identifier Code (BIC-11) to univocally identify the Party in TIPS
Party Type	 TIPS Operator Central Bank TIPS Participant Ancillary System Reachable Party
Country	Country code of the responsible Central Bank
Party Technical Address	Distinguished Name defined for the receipt of messages relevant for the Party as account owner, such as reports and floor/ceiling notifications
Blocking Status	 Blocked for credit Blocked for debit Blocked for credit and debit Unblocked

Additional reference data on Parties is stored in the CRDM, but it is not required for TIPS processing





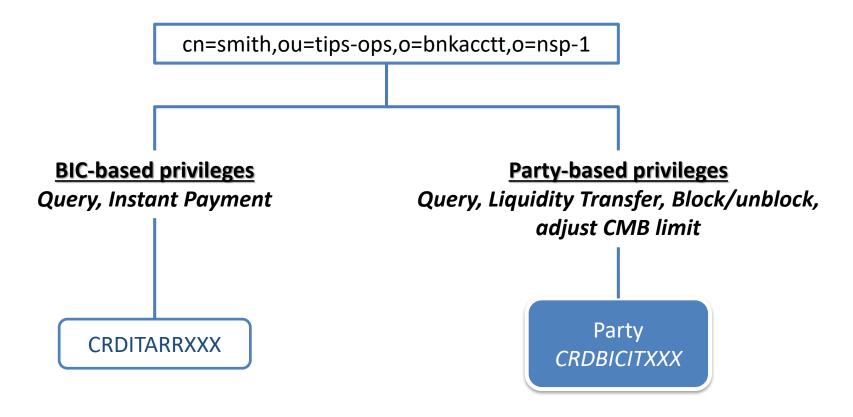
Instructing party entity – CRDM configuration







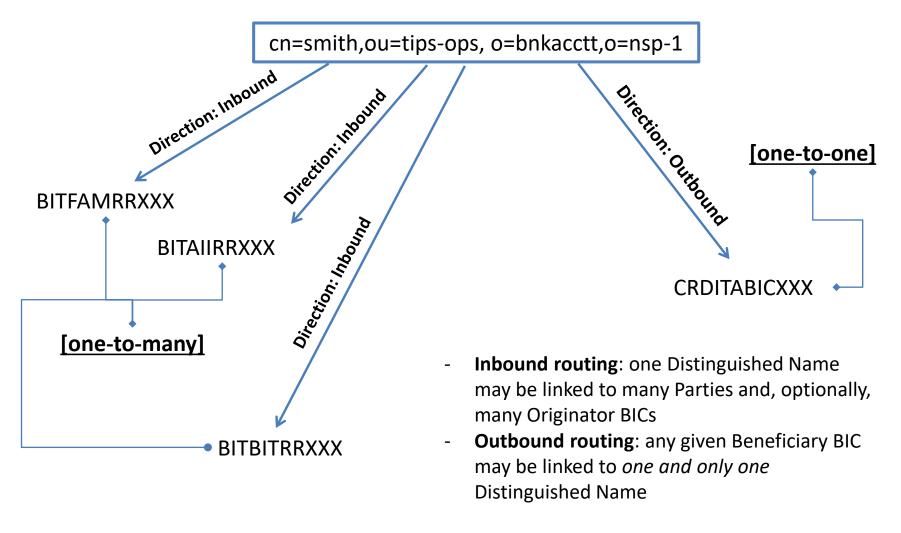
Instructing party entity – TIPS view (1/2)







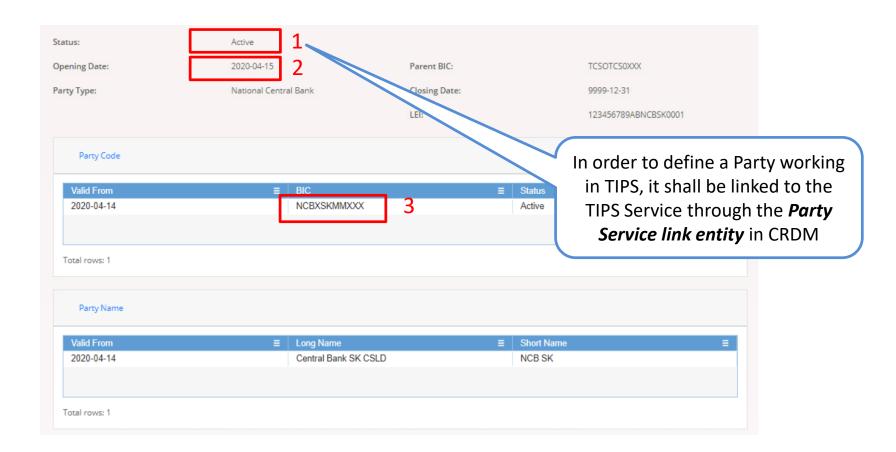
Instructing party entity – TIPS view (2/2)







Party reference data in CRDM (1/2)

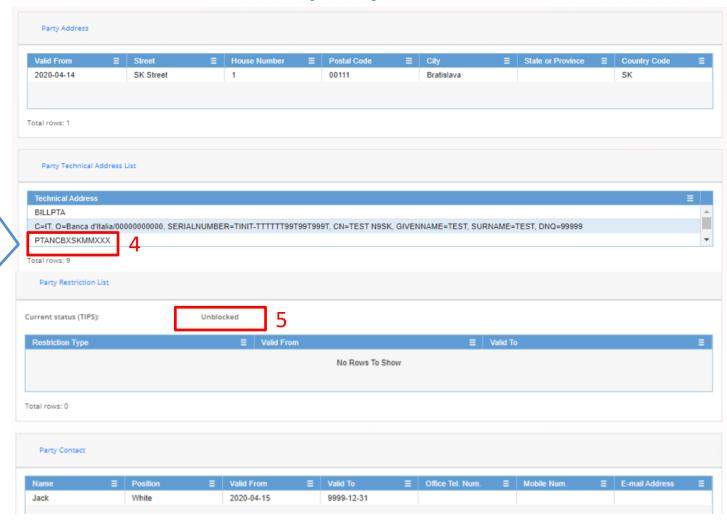






Party reference data in CRDM (2/2)

DN for the receipt of TIPS Directory, reports and floor/ceiling notifications is set-up through the TANSL* configuration





TIPS Reference data management - Outline



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	Account structure				
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Account definition in TIPS

- Accounts are opened in TIPS for the provision of liquidity and the settlement of Instant Payment transactions.
- Central Banks, TIPS Participants and Ancillary Systems can be defined as account owner
- Reachable parties are not entitled to hold accounts
- Account holders can define Credit Memorandum Balances (CMBs) linked to their accounts in
 TIPS, in order to define payment capacity limits for their Reachable Parties
- There are four types of accounts in TIPS:
 - TIPS Account (or TIPS DCA)
 - TIPS AS Technical Account
 - Transit Account
 - TIPS Credit Memorandum Balance



Account structure



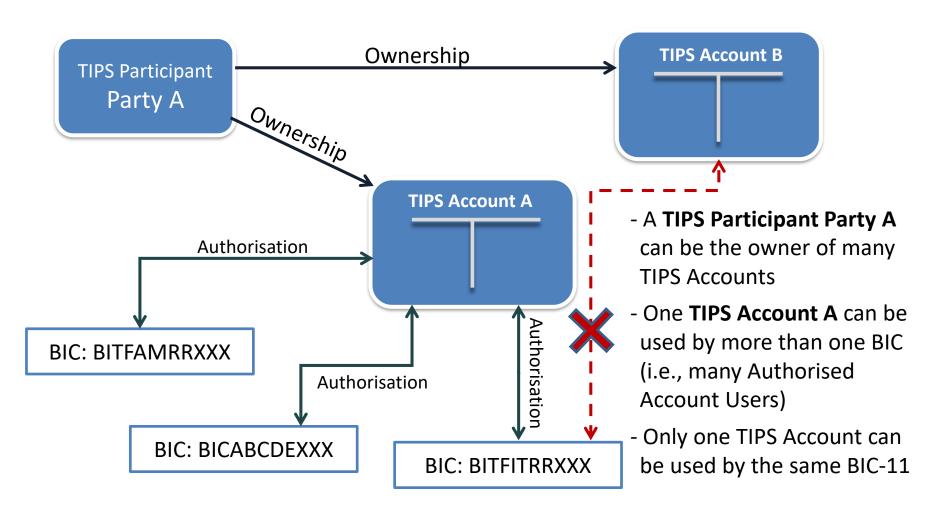
TIPS Account

- What it is: Account used for the settlement of Instant Payments, Recall Response and Inbound/Outbound/Intra-service Liquidity Transfers
- Creator: Central Banks for their Participants (which are the owners of the Account)
- How many: There is no limit to the number of Accounts a TIPS Participant may retain in TIPS
- Who uses it: Any Authorised Account User (i.e. any BIC) linked to the account
- Applicable limitations to their usage:
 - TIPS Accounts cannot have a negative balance at any time
 - Several BICs can be authorised to settle on the same TIPS Account
 - Each BIC-11 can be authorised to use only one account for its settlement activities





Ownership vs Authorisation – TIPS Account







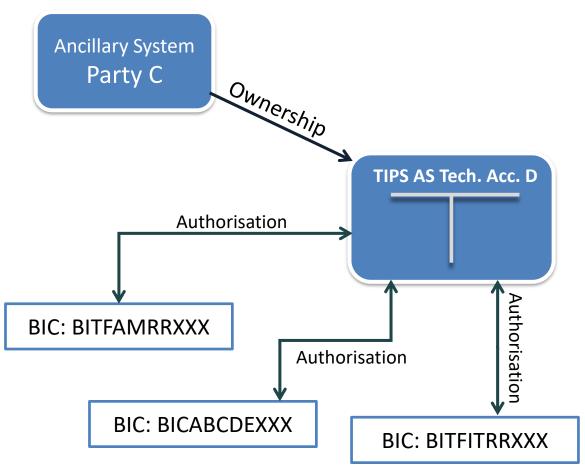
TIPS AS Technical Account

- What it is: Account used for the settlement of Instant Payments, Recall Response and Intraservice Liquidity Transfers
- Creator: Central Banks for their Ancillary System (which are the owners of the Account)
- How many: Each Ancillary System may retain up to one TIPS AS Technical Account
- Who uses it: Any Authorised Account User (i.e. any BIC) linked to the account
- Applicable limitations to their usage:
 - TIPS AS Technical Accounts cannot have a negative balance at any time
 - Several BICs can be authorised to settle on the same TIPS AS Technical Account
 - The Ancillary System's BIC-11 cannot be set as an authorised BIC





Ownership vs Authorisation – TIPS AS Technical Account



- An Ancillary System Party C can be the owner of at most one TIPS AS Technical Account
- The same **TIPS AS Technical Account D** can be used by
 more than one BIC (*many Authorised Account Users*)
- Only one account can be used by a given BIC-11 (e.g. BITFITRRXXX cannot be set as Authorised User of any other account or CMB in the system)





Transit Account

- What it is: technical account involved in the liquidity transfer process between TIPS and the
 RTGS System operating a given currency
- Creator: TIPS Operator for the relevant Central Bank
- Who uses it: Each responsible Central Bank (e.g. ECB for EUR, or Riksbank for SEK)
- How many: Only one Transit Account per settlement currency can be created in TIPS
- Applicable limitations to their usage:
 - Transit Accounts cannot be used for the settlement of transactions
 - The Transit Account for euro belongs to the European Central Bank
 - Transit Accounts can have either zero or negative balance, reflecting the overall liquidity injected in TIPS for any given currency

Account structure



Account Entity

Attribute	Description		
Account Number	It specifies the unique number of the account		
Account Type	 TIPS account TIPS AS Technical account Transit account 		
Currency	It specifies the currency of the account		
Opening Date	Opening date of the account		
Closing Date	Closing date of the account		
Floor Notification Amount	It specifies the lower threshold for notifying the account owner. When equal to zero, the notification is not produced		
Ceiling Notification Amount	It specifies the upper threshold for notifying the account owner. When equal to zero, the notification is not produced		
Credit/Debit Notification Flag	Boolean attributes specifying whether the account owner must receive a credit/debit notification after the settlement of (i) any inbound/outbound Liquidity Transfer from the relevant RTGS system or (ii) intra-service Liquidity Transfers		
Blocking Status	 Blocked for credit Blocked for debit Blocked for credit and debit Unblocked 		

Additional reference data on Account entity is stored in the CRDM, but it is not used by TIPS





Credit Memorandum Balance

- What it is: a limit set on the usage of the liquidity of a given TIPS Account or TIPS AS
 Technical Account
- Creator: TIPS Participant (for TIPS Accounts) or Ancillary System (for TIPS AS Technical Accounts)
- How many: each TIPS Account or TIPS AS Technical Account may have any number of linked CMBs, each CMB representing a credit line for a Reachable Party in TIPS
- Applicable limitations to their usage:
 - Each BIC-11 can be authorized to settle on only one CMB.
 - Each CMB can have only one authorised BIC-11 defined
 - The limit can be set to Unlimited value (full usage of the payment capacity of the linked Account). The Limit value can be updated at any time

Account structure



Credit Memorandum Balance entity

Attribute	Description
- CMB Number	It specifies the unique number of the CMB
Opening Date	Opening date of the CMB
Closing Date	Closing date of the CMB
Floor Notification Amoun	It specifies the lower threshold of the CMB headroom for notifying the owner of the account which the CMB is linked to. When equal to zero, the notification is not produced.
Ceiling Notification Amou	It specifies the upper threshold of the CMB headroom for notifying the owner of the account which the CMB is linked to. When equal to zero, the notification is not produced.
Limit	It specifies the limit amount for the CMB.
Blocking Status	 Blocked for credit Blocked for debit Blocked for credit and debit Unblocked

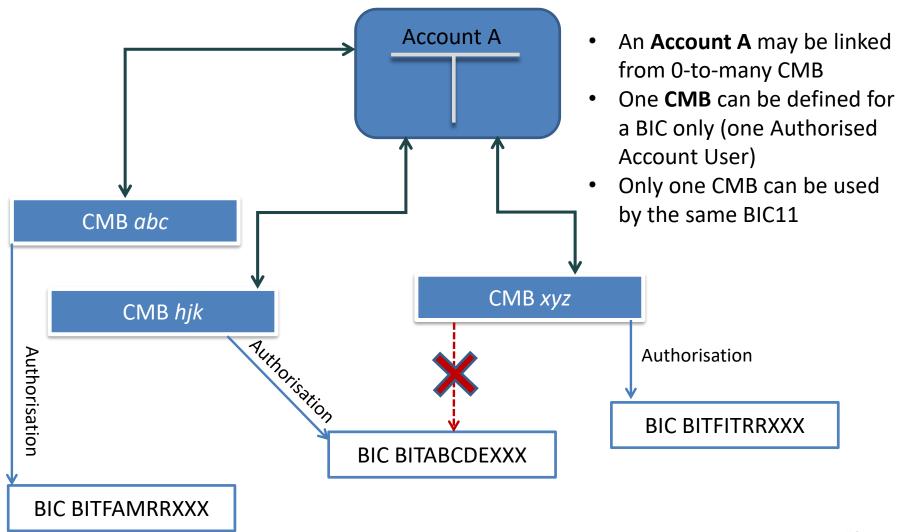
More information on Accounts is stored in the CRDM, but it is not needed in TIPS

They are two separate entities in CRDM; both of them shall be defined in order to make use of a CMB in TIPS





Ownership vs Authorisation – CMB

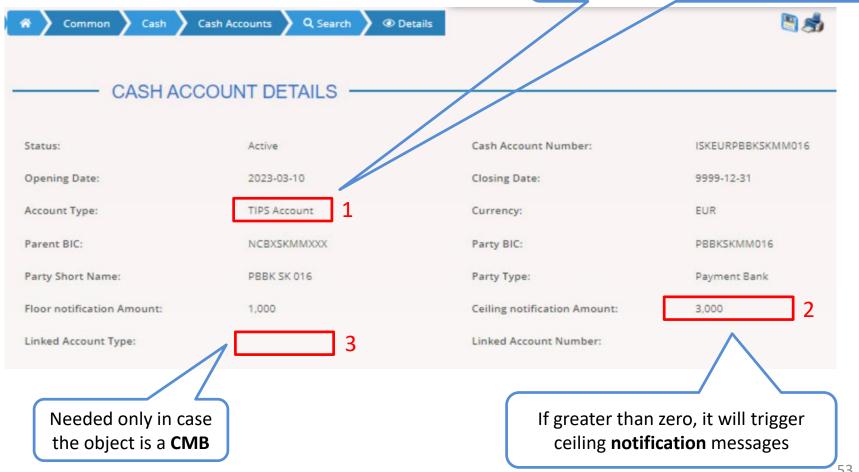






Cash Account/CMB reference data in CRDM

Same screen to maintain TIPS Accounts, TIPS AS Technical Accounts and CMBs



Reference data management - Outline



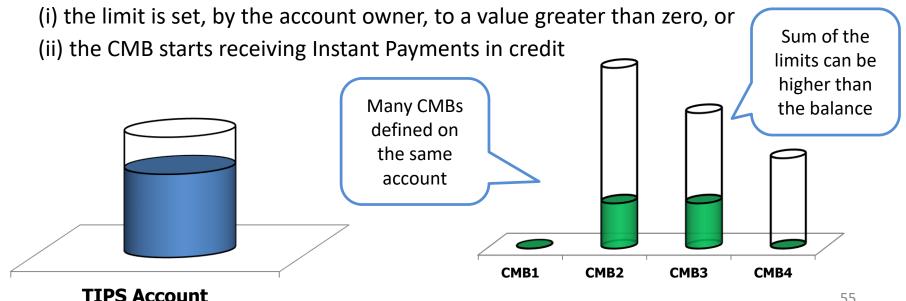
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Limit configuration

- CMBs provides the account owner (and/or liquidity provider) with the possibility to define flexible limit management on TIPS Account or TIPS AS Technical Account, without the need to dedicate separate pots of liquidity for each single customer
- A CMB can also be setup with an **unlimited** limit value. In this case, the related counterpart can make use of the full payment capacity of the account linked to the CMB
- Limits can be set to zero. In this case, the related user cannot make use of the payment capacity of the account linked to the CMB until either







DN-BIC Routing configuration (1/3)

- <u>Inbound messages</u>: TIPS shall allow a many-to-many relation between sender distinguished names and Parties, meaning:
 - That the same Instructing Party can play its role for many Parties, and
 - That a Participant or Reachable Party can authorise many Instructing Parties to act on its behalf
 - The couple (DN, BIC) is stored in the "Inbound DN-BIC Routing" table
- Outbound messages: There must be a many-to-one relation between Beneficiary Participant or Reachable Party and receiver distinguished names, meaning that:
 - Any given Beneficiary Participant BIC may be linked to one and only one Distinguished
 Name for the receipt of instant payment messages
 - The couple (DN, BIC) is stored in the "Outbound DN-BIC Routing" table
- In addition, it is possible to configure a separate Distinguished Name per TIPS
 Participant and Ancillary System, as "Party Technical Address", for the receipt of
 messages relevant to account owners, such as reports, debit/credit notifications
 and floor/ceiling notifications

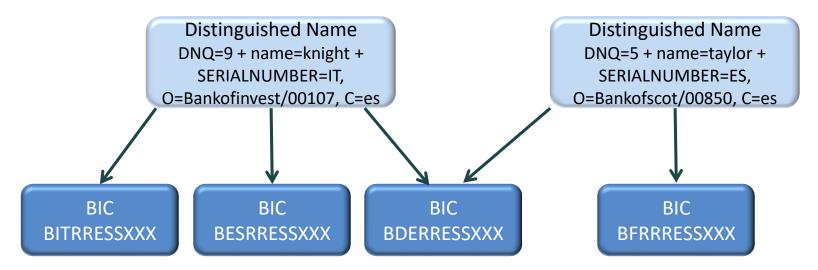




DN-BIC Routing configuration (2/3)

Inbound messages

- TIPS shall allow a many-to-many relation between sender distinguished names and Parties, meaning that
 - the same Instructing Party can play its role for many Parties and
 - a Participant or Reachable Party can authorise many Instructing Parties to act on its behalf as a sender
- The couple (DN, BIC) is stored in the "Inbound DN-BIC Routing" table



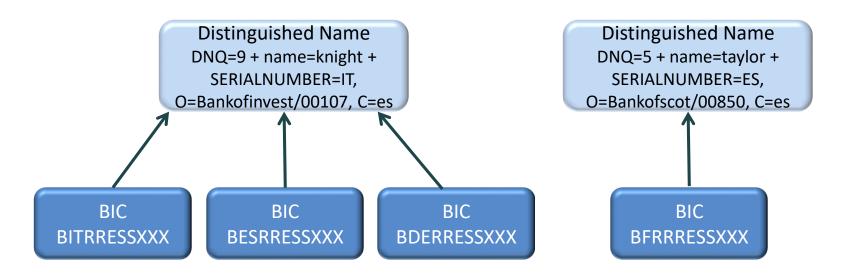




DN-BIC Routing configuration (3/3)

Outbound messages

- There must be a many-to-one relation between Beneficiary Participant or Reachable
 Party and receiver distinguished names, meaning that
 - any given Beneficiary Participant BIC may be linked to <u>a unique</u> Distinguished Name for receiving instant payment (and recall) messages



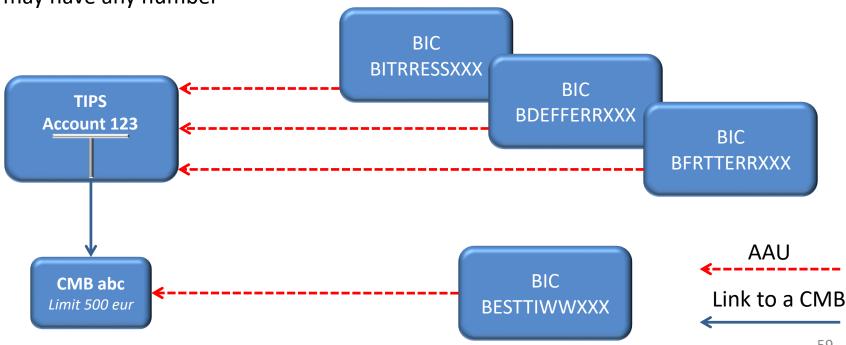




Authorised Account User (1/3)

- It is a link between a BIC and a TIPS Account or CMB
- It is needed in order to authorise a BIC to use the related TIPS Account or CMB for settlement purposes
- Each BIC can be linked to a unique TIPS Account or CMB

Each CMB can have no more than one Authorised Account User, while TIPS Accounts may have any number







Authorised Account User (2/3)

- Due to the fact that in the pacs.008/pacs.004 messages only the Originator/Beneficiary BICs are present, it is necessary to derive the account to be used in TIPS for the settlement of Instant Payments and positive Recall Responses
- Liquidity transfers do not entail the usage of the Authorised Account User entity
- The AAU entity is also used to build the TIPS Directory whose aim is to publish the list of BICs which are reachable through the TIPS service
- Additionally, the account owners may define a maximum amount threshold that they would accept via an Instant Payment Transaction
 - Currently, the EPC Maximum Amount is set to 100,000.00 EUR
 - Such a value is the minimum default value in EUR acceptable as a threshold in the AAU
 - However, in TIPS the maximum amount settled with an instant payment is set to unlimited
 - Theoretically, the account owners may setup different thresholds (above the EPC Maximum Amount) to indicate to their counterparts that the are accepting higher amounts
 - This value is published in the TIPS Directory, for each entry





Authorised Account User (3/3)

2	Authorised Accounts User	Q Search		<u> </u>		
——— AUTHORIS	SED ACCOUNT USER	RLIST —				
Status:	Active	~	Participation Type:	All	~	
Authorised Account User BIC:			1 Cash Account Number:			2
Unlimited Maximum IP Amount:	0					
Valid From: From:	yyyy-mm-dd	# 0	Valid From: To:	yyyy-mm-dd	# 0	
Valid To: From:	yyyy-mm-dd	# 0	Valid To: To:	yyyy-mm-dd	# 0	
Q Search X Reset					+ New	(≡)
	sed Acco ≡ Cash Account N	I ≣ Participat	tion Type Maximum IP Am	■ Valid From ■ Valid To	=	
No Rows To Show						





Routing configuration

- The setup of routing configurations includes the configuration of the following reference data objects in CRDM: network services, party technical addresses, TANSL (link between a network service and a party technical address), and default and conditional routings.
- One party technical address can be used for several network services
- Each CRDM Actor connected directly is responsible for setting up and maintaining default and conditional routing static data related to its outbound communication
- Routing configurations are needed for receiving reports, notifications and TIPS
 Directory (via CRDM Network Service)



TIPS Reference data management - Outline



- **Reference Data**
- 2 **Reference Data propagation**
 - **Overview**
 - Common Reference Data changes
 - Immediate Reference Data changes
- **Blocking of participants, accounts and CMBs**



Reference data propagation - Overview



Overview

Common reference data changes

- Made available through the CRDM
- Available 22 hours a day, 5 days a week
- Functions available in both 2-Eyes and 4-Eyes mode
- It is required to capture data changes in advance
- Propagated to TIPS on a daily basis at 17:00 CET, before the change of the RTGS System business day (i.e. T2-CLM)

Immediate reference data changes

- Made available directly in TIPS or CRDM
- Available 24/7/365 in TIPS
- Functions available in both 2-Eyes and 4-Eyes mode



TIPS Reference data management - Outline



- **Reference Data**
- 2 **Reference Data propagation**

Overview

Common Reference Data changes

Immediate Reference Data changes

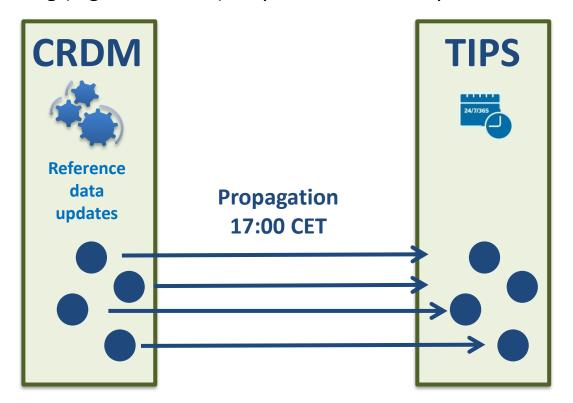
Blocking of participants, accounts and CMBs

Common Reference data changes



Daily propagation (1/2)

- All reference data updates performed in CRDM since the last propagation are transmitted to TIPS
- If an item, propagated on date T, contains a validity date in the future (e.g. T+2), TIPS acquires it immediately during the daily propagation, but the item will be available for business processing (e.g. settlement) only when the validity date is reached

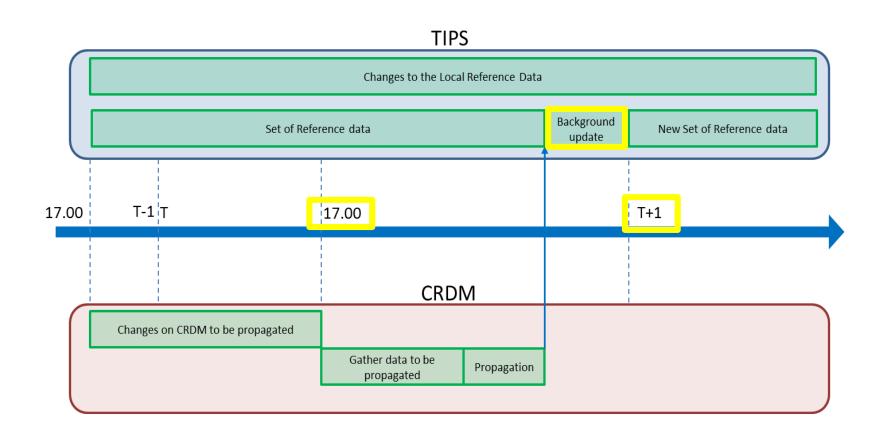




target TIPS Common Reference data changes



Daily propagation (2/2)





TIPS Reference data management - Outline



- **Reference Data**
- 2 **Reference Data propagation**

Overview

Common Reference Data changes

Immediate Reference Data changes

Blocking of participants, accounts and CMBs





Immediate reference data change in TIPS via TIPS users

Entity	Possible operations	Responsible Actor(s)	U2A availability	A2A availability
TIPS Participant or Ancillary System	Update of blocking status	TIPS Operator, CB	Yes	Yes
Account	Update of blocking status	TIPS Operator, CB	Yes	Yes
	Update of blocking status	TIPS Operator, CB, TIPS Participant, Ancillary System, Instructing Party	Yes	Yes
CMB	Update of CMB limit value			





Immediate reference data change in TIPS via CRDM users

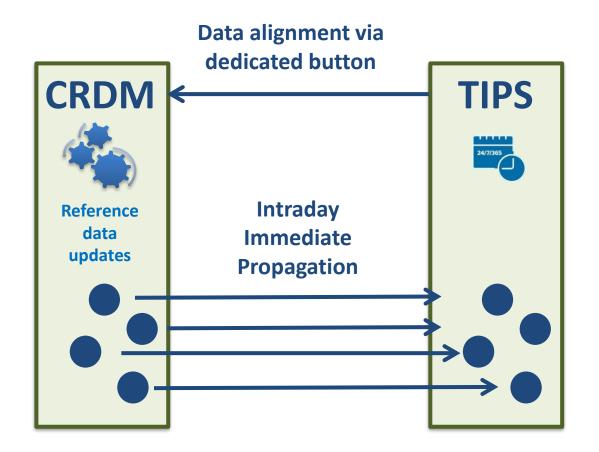
- Available during CRDM opening hours in U2A mode only
- Upon alignment with TIPS data via dedicated button to grant consistency

Entity	Possible operations	Responsible Actor(s)	U2A availability	A2A availability
TIPS Participant or Ancillary System	Update of blocking status	TIPS Operator, CB	Yes	No
Account	Update of blocking status	TIPS Operator, CB	Yes	No
СМВ	Update of blocking status	TIPS Operator, CB, TIPS Participant, Ancillary System, Instructing Party	Yes	No
CIVID	Update of CMB limit value			



Intraday immediate propagation from CRDM

 All reference data updates performed in CRDM on specific operations are immediately transmitted to TIPS





TIPS Reference data management - Outline



- **Reference Data**
- **Reference Data propagation**
- **Blocking of participants, accounts and CMBs** 3

Overview

Blocking of actors

Blocking of accounts

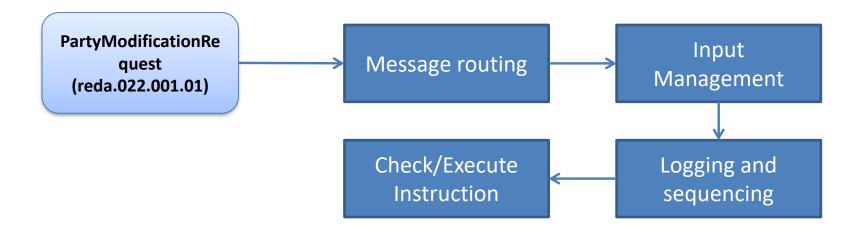
Blocking of CMBs





Overview

- TIPS provides blocking functionalities as an immediate reference data change
- High-priority settlement-relevant reference data changes
 - Blocking operations are carried out by authorised users directly in TIPS via the TIPS interface (available 24 hours a day) or in CRDM (available 22 hours a day, 5 days a week) and processed in the same flow as Instant Payment transactions

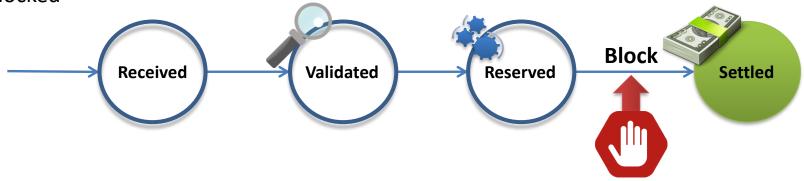




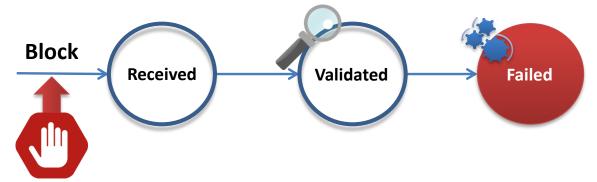


Immediate effect

 If TIPS receives the ordered sequence where the debiting (or the reservation) precedes the blocking, the Instant Payment transaction will be processed before the account is blocked



 If, conversely, TIPS receives the ordered sequence where the account blocking is executed prior to the Instant Payment transaction, the account will be blocked whereas the transaction will be rejected







Types of Blocking operations

- The types of Blocking operations in TIPS are listed below:
 - Blocking/unblocking of a participant
 - Blocking/unblocking of an account
 - Blocking/unblocking of a CMB
- Blocking operations can be submitted in U2A and A2A mode
- Regardless of the connection mode, all instructions are submitted to the TIPS core in the same format (no difference in priority and treatment of the request)



TIPS Reference data management - Outline



- **Reference Data**
- **Reference Data propagation**
- **Blocking of participants, accounts and CMBs** 3

Overview

Blocking of actors

Blocking of accounts

Blocking of CMBs





Blocking of a TIPS Participant or Ancillary system (1/2)

- WHO: TIPS allows Central Banks to immediately block a TIPS Participant or Ancillary System belonging to their data scope, e.g. due to insolvency
- WHAT: Blocking a TIPS Actor for debiting/crediting results in an equivalent blocking on all
 accounts owned by the TIPS Actor and all the CMBs linked to these accounts. The
 individual Account and CMB blocking status is not overwritten
- WHEN: 24/7/365
- HOW IT IS TRIGGERED: Party blocking can be performed in U2A as well as A2A mode, the latter involving messages PartyModificationRequest and PartyStatusAdvice
- TYPES OF BLOCKING: Blocked for credit; Blocked for debit; Blocked for credit and debit; Unblocked





Blocking of a TIPS Participant or Ancillary System (2/2)

- HOW IT WORKS: The block is performed setting a restriction directly in TIPS (or in CRDM with immediate propagation to TIPS) on the party identifying the TIPS Participant or Ancillary System. TIPS performs the block request executing it immediately, without checking if the actor s already blocked. It overwrites the previous block type or adds a new one
- **EXCEPTION**: Blocking does not affect reserved amounts; if an amount is reserved for an ongoing payment when the blocking is applied, the instant payment transaction will be completed regardless of the new blocking status





Blocking of TIPS Participants/Ancillary system

Involved Messages

PartyModificationRequestV01 (reda.022.001.01)

Sent by the Central Bank Used to block/unblock the TIPS Participant or Ancillary system.



PartyStatusAdviceV01 (reda.016.001.01)

Sent by TIPS to inform the Central Bank about the results of the execution of the Party Modification Request (i.e. completed, rejected)







Blocking of a TIPS Participant/Ancillary system – A2A mode (1/3)

- 1. Central Bank sends a PartyModificationRequest (reda.022) with following information:
 - BIC of the TIPS Participant/Ancillary system for which the change of blocking status is requested
 - Type of blocking request: TPCR Block for credit; TPDB Block for debit; TPBO Block for both

PartyModificationRequest Sender DN: <ou=ncb1, o=ncb1xxcbxxx, o=a2anet> Message Identification: MessID1 Related Party Identification: PRTYXXMMXXX Responsible Party Identification: NCB1XXCBXXX Scope Indication: INSE Restriction Type: TPDB

- 2. TIPS receives the request for the amendment of a Party (block for debit)
- 3. TIPS successfully executes the Access Rights checks





Blocking of a TIPS Participant/Ancillary system – A2A mode (2/3)

- 4. TIPS successfully executes the following business checks:
 - Block/unblock type is allowed (the Restriction Type Code must be TPCR (Block for credit), TPDB (Block for debit) or TPBO (Block for both debit and credit)
 - Party exists
 - Party type is allowed for blocking, i.e. the party being blocked must be a TIPS Participant or an Ancillary system.
- 5. TIPS executes the requested operation:
 - It identifies the TIPS Participant/Ancillary system from the Related Party Identification (PRTYXXMMXXX)
 - It identifies the type of block to be performed from the Restriction Type
 - It amends the TIPS Participant/Ancillary system and reports the requested type of block

BIC	ТҮРЕ	BLOCKING STATUS
PRTYXXMMXXX	TIPS Participant	Blocked for debiting





Blocking of a TIPS Participant/Ancillary system – A2A mode (3/3)

6. The system sends a message to the Central Bank including the information about the successful execution

PartyStatusAdvice

Sender: TIPS

Receiver DN: <ou=ncb1, o=ncb1xxcbxxx, o=a2anet>

Message Identification: ReplyMessID1
Original Message Identification: MessID1

Status: COMP

Related Party Identification: PRTYXXMMXXX Responsible Party Identification: NCB1XXCBXXX





Blocking of a TIPS Participant/Ancillary system – U2A mode

- U2A function requires the same information and it is treated in the same way by TIPS
- The request inserted via GUI is translated in the relevant A2A message and sent to the TIPS settlement core

Change Status			
TIPS Participant BIC:	SYSENTT2SX1		
Current status:	Unblocked	New Status:	Blocked for Debiting
			Submit Cancel



TIPS Reference data management - Outline



- **Reference Data**
- **Reference Data propagation**
- **Blocking of participants, accounts and CMBs** 3

Overview

Blocking of actors

Blocking of accounts

Blocking of CMBs





Blocking of accounts (1/2)

- WHO: TIPS allows Central Banks to block immediately an Account linked to a TIPS
 Participant or Ancillary System belonging to their data scope
- WHAT: Blocking a TIPS Account/TIPS AS Technical Account for debiting/crediting results
 in an equivalent blocking on all CMBs linked to the account. The individual CMB blocking
 status is not overwritten
- WHEN: 24/7/365
- HOW IT IS TRIGGERED: Account blocking can be performed in U2A as well as A2A mode, the latter involving messages AccountExcludedMandateMaintenanceRequest, AccountRequestAcknowledgement and AccountRequestRejection
- <u>TYPES OF BLOCKING</u>: Blocked for credit; Blocked for debit; Blocked for credit and debit; Unblocked





Blocking of accounts (2/2)

- HOW IT WORKS: The block is performed setting a restriction directly in TIPS (or in CRDM with immediate propagation to TIPS) on the account. TIPS performs the block request executing it immediately, without checking if the account is already blocked but overwriting the previous block or adding a new one
- EXCEPTION: Blocking does not affect reserved amounts; if an amount is reserved for an ongoing payment when the blocking is applied, the payment transaction will be completed regardless of the new account blocking status







Blocking of accounts

Involved Messages

AccountExcludedMandateMaintenanceRequest (acmt.015.001.02)

Sent by a TIPS Authorised Actor Used to block an account or a CMB



AccountRequestAcknowledgement (acmt.010.001.02)

Sent by TIPS to inform the TIPS Authorised Actor upon the successful processing of the instructed acmt.015



AccountRequestRejection (acmt.011.001.02)

Sent by TIPS to inform the TIPS Authorised Actor upon the rejection of the instructed acmt.015





TIPS Reference data management - Outline



- **Reference Data**
- **Reference Data propagation**
- **Blocking of participants, accounts and CMBs** 3

Overview

Blocking of actors

Blocking of accounts

Blocking of CMBs





Blocking of CMBs (1/2)

- WHO: TIPS allows Central Banks to immediately block a CMB linked to an account falling under their data scope. TIPS allows TIPS Participants and Ancillary Systems to block immediately a CMB linked to accounts under their data scope
- WHAT: Blocking a TIPS CMB does not have effects on any other reference data object
- **WHEN**: 24/7/365
- HOW IT IS TRIGGERED: CMB blocking can be performed in U2A as well as A2A mode, the
 latter involving messages AccountExcludedMandateMaintenanceRequest,
 AccountRequestAcknowledgement and AccountRequestRejection
- <u>TYPES OF BLOCKING</u>: Blocked for credit; Blocked for debit; Blocked for credit and debit; Unblocked





Blocking of CMBs (2/2)

- HOW IT WORKS: The block is performed setting a restriction directly in TIPS (or in CRDM with immediate propagation to TIPS) on the CMB. TIPS performs the block request executing it immediately, without checking if the CMB is already blocked. It overwrites the previous block or adds a new one
- EXCEPTION: Blocking does not affect any pending payment (i.e. already validated and waiting for a reply from the Beneficiary Bank); for such instant payments, if the CMB blocking is applied, the transaction is completed regardless of the new CMB blocking status





Blocking of accounts/CMBs – A2A mode (1/2)

- 1. Central Banks sends a *AccountExcludedMandateMaintenanceRequest* (acmt.015) with following information:
 - Account identification
 - BIC of the TIPS Participant/Ancillary system owning the account
 - Type of blocking request: TACR (Block for credit); TADE (Block for debit); TABO (Block for both credit and debit)

AccountExcludedMandateMaintenanceRequest Sender DN: <ou=dept_abc, o=prtyxxmmxxx, o=a2anet> Message Identification: MessID4 Account Identification: CMBA Restriction Modification Code: ADDD Restriction Type Code: TABO Account Servicer Identification: PRTYXXMMXXX

- 2. TIPS receives the request for the amendment of the account (e.g., block for both credit and debit)
- 3. TIPS successfully executes the Access Rights checks





Blocking of accounts/CMBs – A2A mode (2/2)

- 4. TIPS successfully executes the following business checks:
 - Block/unblock type is allowed (the Restriction Type Code must be TACR (Block for credit), TADE (Block for debit) or TABO (Block for both debit and credit)
 - Account exists
 - Account owner exists
- 5. TIPS executes the requested operation
 - It identifies the account owner from the Account Servicer Identification (PRTYXXMMXXX)
 - It identifies the type of block to be performed from the Restriction Type
 - It amends the CMB and reports the requested type of block

Account	Account Servicer	BLOCKING STATUS
СМВА	PRTYXXMMXXX	Blocked for Debit and Credit





Thank you for the attention!