



Connecting Europe and Asia

Role of the OSCE

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OSCE REGION

57 participating States...



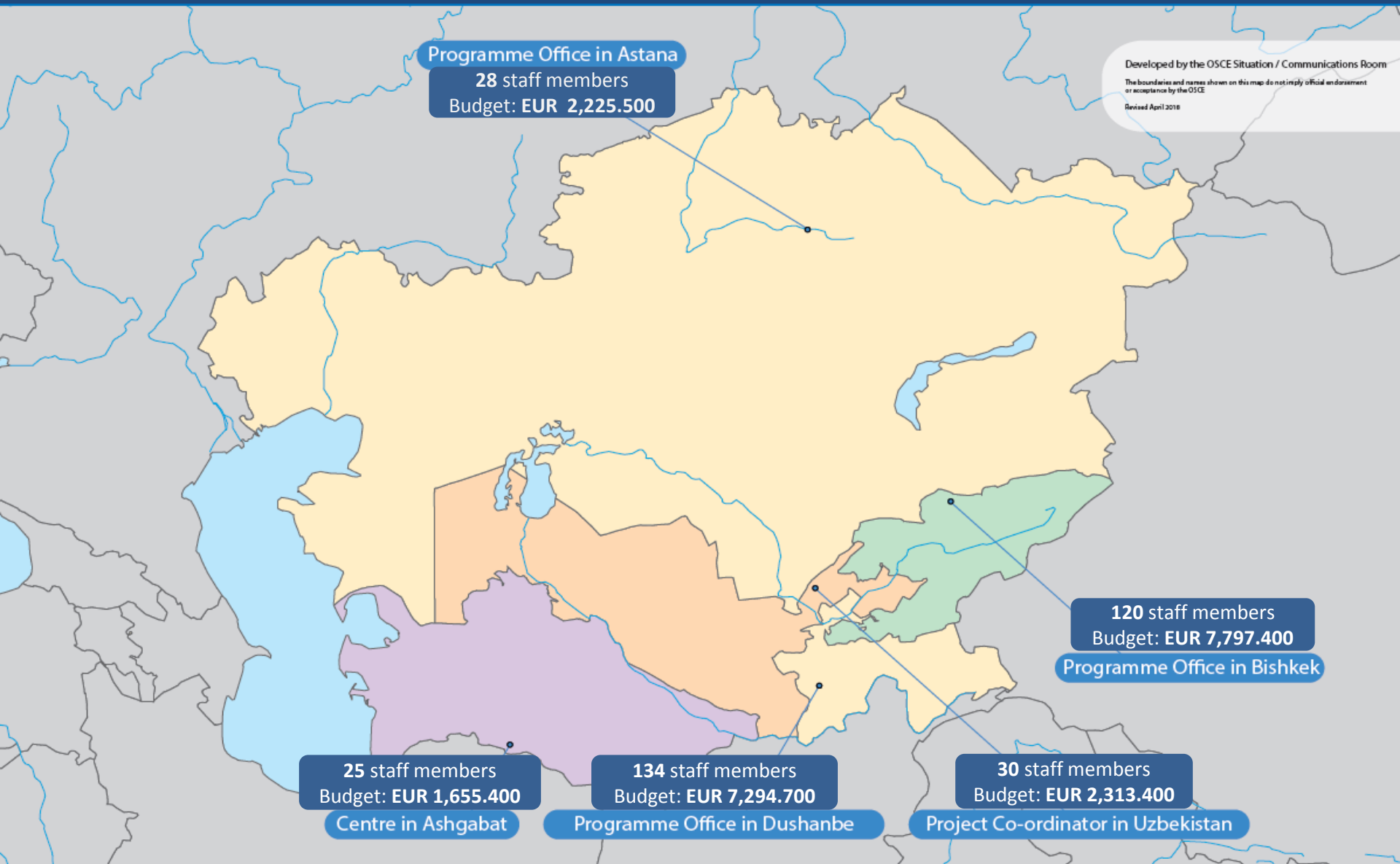
...from Vancouver to Vladivostok

Helsinki Final Act, 1975



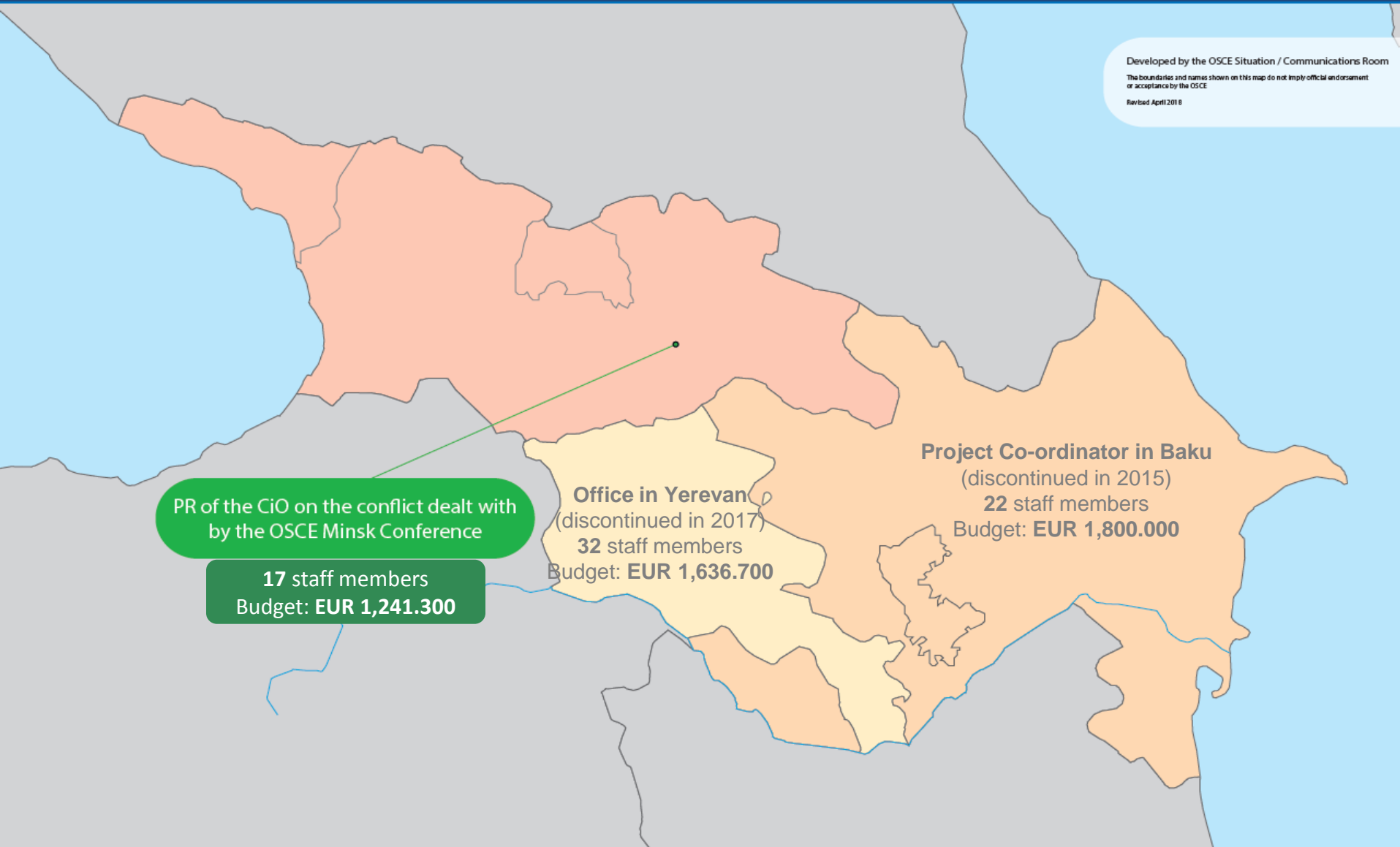
- „Decalogue“
- Document on Confidence-Building Measures
- Co-operation in the Field of Economics, of Science and Technology and of the Environment
- Co-operation in Humanitarian and Other Fields

OSCE Field Operations in Central Asia

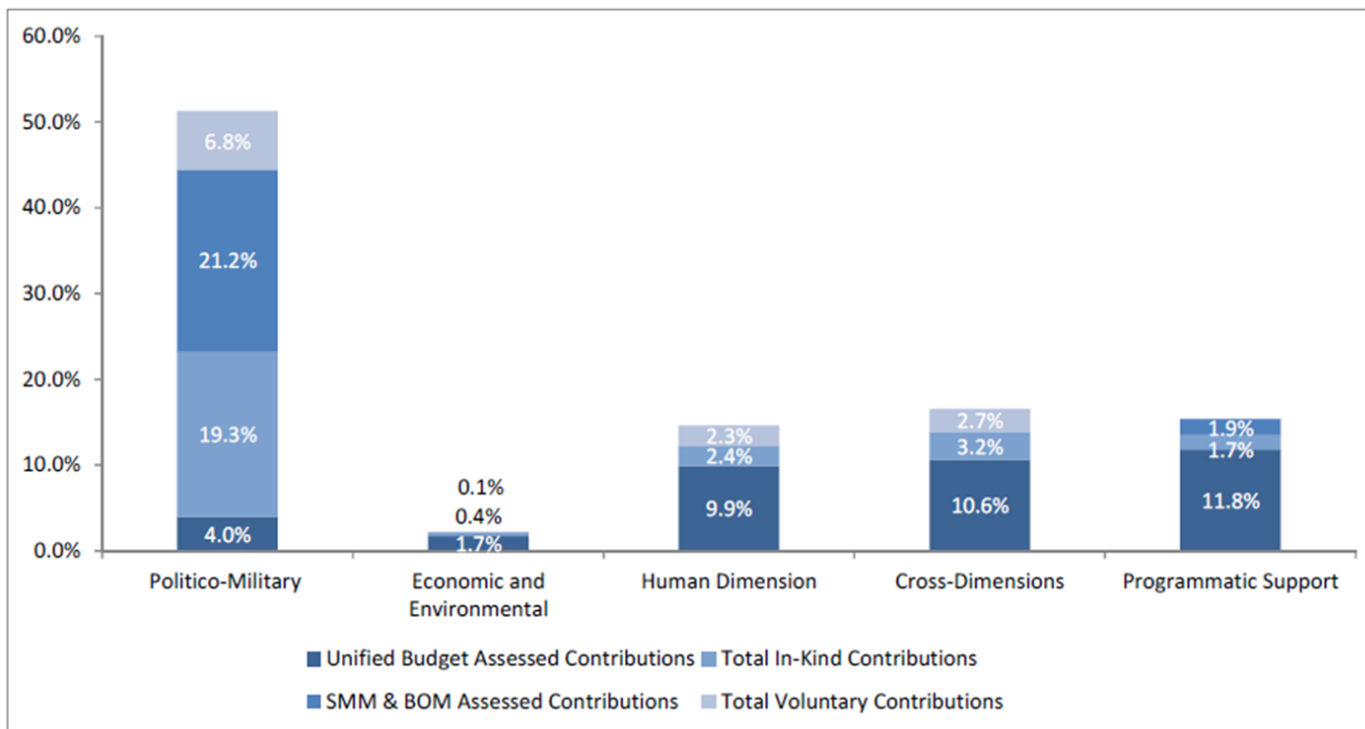
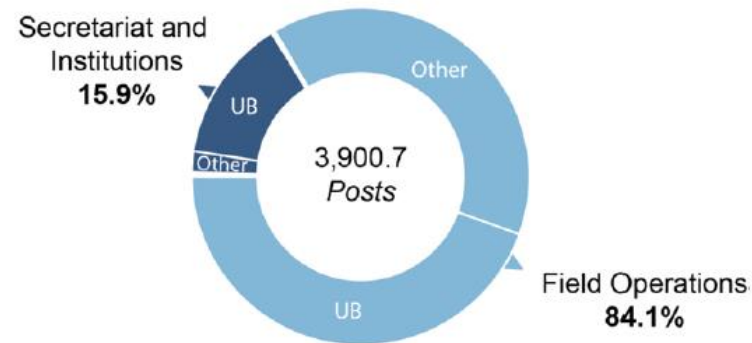
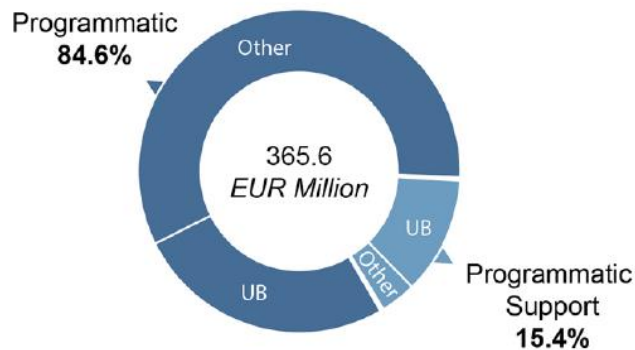


OSCE Presence(s) in Southern Caucasus

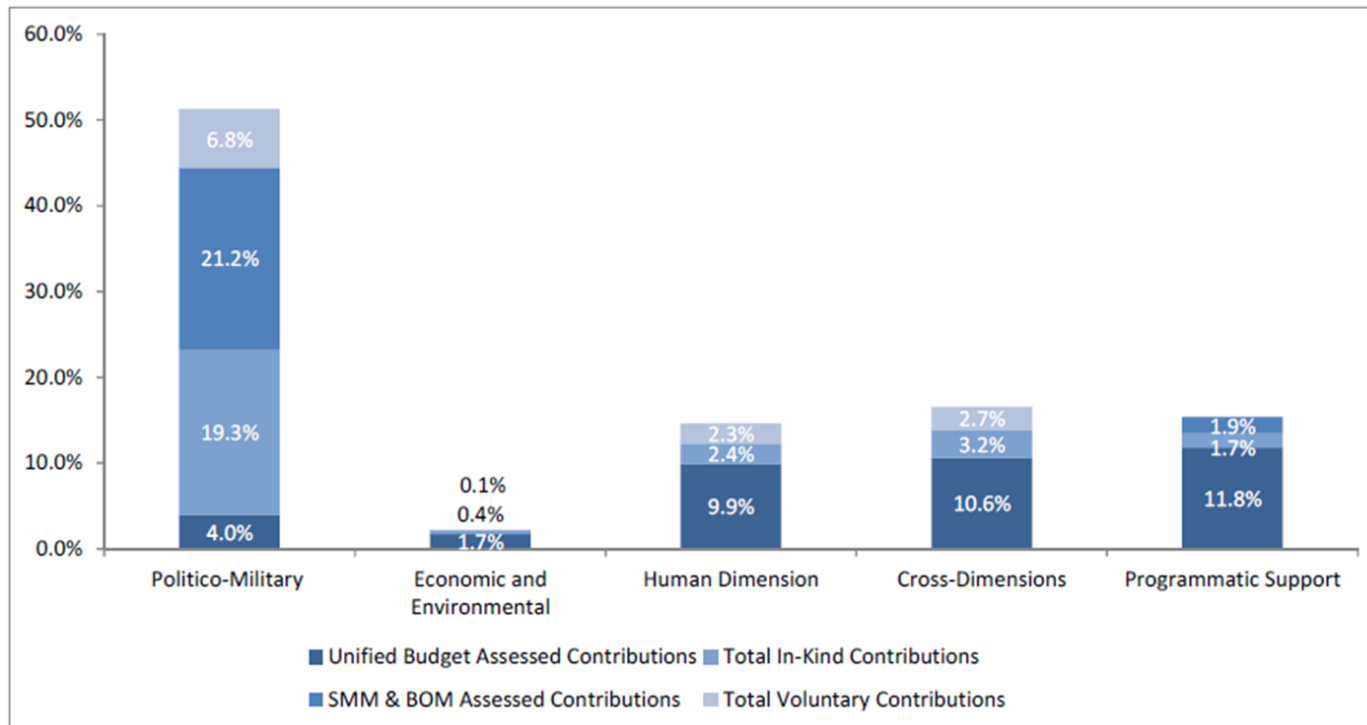
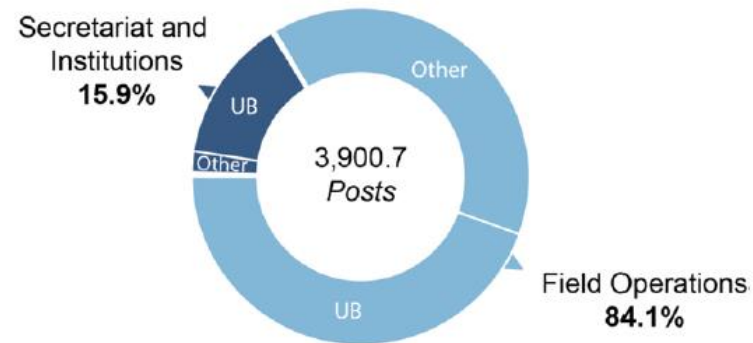
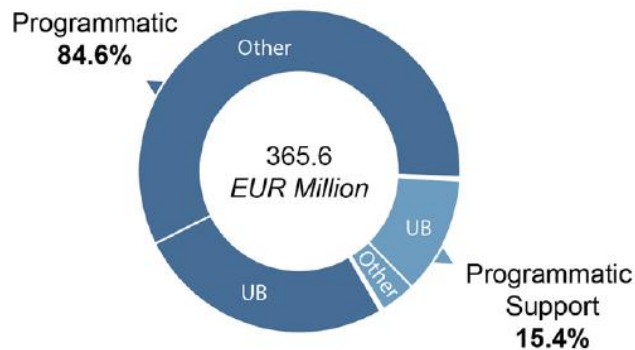
Developed by the OSCE Situation / Communications Room
The boundaries and names shown on this map do not imply official endorsement
or acceptance by the OSCE
Revised April 2018



OSCE total resources in 2017



OSCE total resources in 2017



Landlocked countries

- Out of 32 **landlocked developing countries globally, 10 are OSCE participating States, 1 is an OSCE Partners for Co-operation**
- **Closest distance from the sea (km):** Kazakhstan (3,750), Kyrgyz Republic (3,600), Tajikistan (3,100), Uzbekistan (2,950), Turkmenistan (1,700), Mongolia (1,693), Azerbaijan (870), Armenia (693), Belarus (623), Moldova (170) and Afghanistan (1,960)
- According to IRU NELTI: **40% of inland transport time** is lost at borders and in customs procedures

Economic Agreements of the OSCE PSs in Central Asia and South Caucasus



OSCE Political Commitments

CONNECTIVITY

- ☐ Economic co-operation
- ☐ Good Governance
- ☐ Trade and Transport Facilitation

DOCUMENT OF THE ON ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION IN EUROPE THE RELEVANT PROVISIONS OF OF THE VIENNA MEETING OF THE AND CO-OPERATION

The representatives of the participating States in the Conference on Economic Co-operation in Europe (OSCE), Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, the German Democratic Republic, Greece, the Holy See, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Monaco, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Switzerland, Turkey, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and Yugoslavia met in Bonn in 1990 with the provisions relating to the Conference on the Concluding Document of the Vienna Follow-up meeting of the business community.

The Conference was opened and closed in the Republic of Germany.

The President, the Chancellor and the Deputy of the Federal Republic of Germany addressed the Conference.

At the opening and concluding plenary in the participating States, among them Prime Ministers and the Vice-President of the Commission. Contributions were made by the Executive Secretary of the Conference (ECE) and the Secretary General of the OSCE.

The participating States welcome the fact that the Conference has brought to the attention of the participating States, in particular

Having in mind the aim of the Conference, relations between participating States, in particular

OSCE

Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe
Ministerial Council
Maastricht 2003

2nd day of the Eleventh Meeting
MC(11) Journal No. 2, Agenda item 8

OSCE STRATEGY DO FOR THE ECONOMIC AND ENVIRO

The OSCE Ministerial Council,

Reaffirming the substantive importance of the economic and environmental dimensions of the OSCE concept of comprehensive security in a world of peace, conflict prevention, crisis management and post

Recalling the principles of the 1975 Helsinki Final Act of economics, science and technology and the environment, and reaffirming these commitments in other OSCE documents and decisions in these fields, in particular, the Charter for European Security Summit,

Taking as a basis Decision No. 5 of the Tenth Meeting in Porto calling for the development of a new OSCE Strategy on environmental dimension,

Taking account of the major changes and developments in the OSCE area during the last progress and achievements, but also to the emergence of economic and environmental nature,

Underlining the resolve of the participating States environmental threats and challenges by developing a strategy of the OSCE's capabilities and comparative advantages

Convinced that more effective co-operation by all equitable, mutually beneficial and non-discriminatory but caused by economic and environmental factors, can make stability, democracy and prosperity in the OSCE region.

MC11EW14

OSCE

Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe
Ministerial Council
Hamburg 2016

MC.DEC/4/16
9 December 2016

Original: ENGLISH

Second day of the Twenty-Third Meeting
MC(23) Journal No. 2, Agenda item 7

DECISION No. 4/16 STRENGTHENING GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PROMOTING CONNECTIVITY

The Ministerial Council,

Reaffirming the relevance of, and our full respect for all OSCE norms, principles and commitments related to our co-operation in the economic and environmental dimension, and bearing in mind the comprehensive approach of the OSCE to security,

Reaffirming the OSCE commitments on combating corruption, in particular the relevant provisions of the Charter for European Security adopted in 1999 at the OSCE Summit in Istanbul, the OSCE Strategy Document for the Economic and Environmental Dimension adopted in Maastricht in 2003, Ministerial Council Decision No. 11/04 on combating corruption adopted in Sofia in 2004, the Declaration on Strengthening Good Governance and Combating Corruption, Money-Laundering and the Financing of Terrorism adopted in Dublin in 2012, and Ministerial Council Decision No. 5/14 on prevention of corruption adopted in Basel in 2014,

Reaffirming the commitments related to transportation and trade facilitation in the OSCE area, in particular those contained in the Helsinki Final Act adopted in 1975, the Document of the Bonn Conference on Economic Co-operation in Europe adopted in 1990, the OSCE Strategy Document for the Economic and Environmental Dimension adopted in Maastricht in 2003, the OSCE Border Security and Management Concept adopted in Ljubljana in 2005, Ministerial Council Decision No. 11/06 on future transport dialogue in the OSCE adopted in Brussels in 2006, Ministerial Council Decision No. 11/11 on strengthening transport dialogue in the OSCE adopted in Vilnius in 2011, and other relevant OSCE documents,

Recognizing that good governance, transparency and accountability are essential conditions for economic growth, trade, investment and sustainable development, thereby contributing to stability, security and respect for human rights in the OSCE area,

Recognizing that corruption and lack of good governance are potential sources of political tension that undermine the stability and security of participating States,

Acknowledging that good governance, rule of law, the prevention of and fight against corruption, money laundering and the financing of terrorism, sound regulatory frameworks,

MC23EW21

OSCE activities

- Advancing national trade facilitation roadmaps
- Trade facilitation for e-commerce
- Balancing safety and security with trade facilitation
- Improving Caspian port's connectivity



SUMMARY DOCUMENT
of the Workshop "Trade Facilitation for E-Commerce in the Republic of Moldova"
organized by the Office of the Co-ordinator of OSCE
Economic and Environmental Activities
1-4 October 2018, Chisinau

Facilitated by international experts from the World Customs Organization (WCO), the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE), the European Commission Directorate-General for Taxation and Customs Union (DG TAXUD), the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD), IMF, as well as local experts' representatives from the

Thank you for your attention!

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